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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

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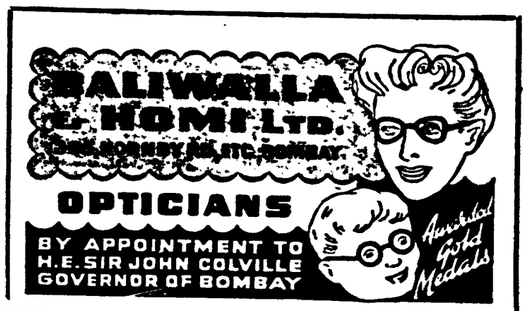

City Disturbances Quickly Brought Under Control

Rival Flag-Hoisting Leads To Stabbing Incidents

Several Killed: Curfew Ordered In Affected Areas

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Within two hours of sudden starting of stabbing incidents in some parts of Bombay, the authorities were able to assure that the situation was under control.

In addition to the police force of the City two regiments of military were requisitioned and stationed at two strategic points which can control affected areas.

GOVT. COMMUNIQUE

BOMBAY, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): The Government of Bombay have issued in the evening the following Communique on the disturbances:

"A Communal disturbance broke out at 4-30 p. m. today in Bombay and several stabbing instances occurred. The disturbances continued for two hours whereafter the situation was brought under control. Thirty-seven persons were killed and 179 were injured. Curfew has been imposed from 7 p. m. till 6-30 a. m. and will be in force for a week. The assembly of five or more persons has been prohibited and a state of emergency has been declared by the Government of Bombay. Military are standing by at the police headquarters. The Government of Bombay, who are now in Poona, are in close touch with the Commissioner of Police, Bombay city."

MINISTER TOURS AFFECTED AREAS

Accompanied by Mr. J. C. Wilson, the Commissioner of Police, Sri Dinkarao Desai, a Minister of the Government of Bombay, who happened to be in the city at the time of the disturbance, toured the affected area and visited the hospitals where the injured persons have been admitted. By 8 p. m. all was quite everywhere in the city.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Oscar H. Brown has directed all honorary magistrates to report to him forthwith at the Head Police Office opposite Crawford Market.

IN CITY HOSPITALS

Reporters of this paper found a number of injured persons admitted into the casualty wards of the J. J., G. T. and Harkisandass hospitals.

Two regiments of British troops were called out at 8 p. m. One company has been stationed near the Crawford Market and the other at the Nagpada Police Station. The Area Commander, Brigadier Smith, was in constant touch with the Police Commissioner. Armed police were posted at all the strategic points in the affected localities.

CAUSE OF TROUBLE

Black flag demonstrations were started by supporters of the Muslim League since early morning as a protest against the installation of the Interim Government on Monday. It appears that residents of Golpitha, which is a mixed locality vied with one another in hoisting rival party flags which led to the trouble.

Trouble then spread to other localities, two hotels were looted and a tram car was set on fire.

Tram and bus service beyond Bori Bunder stood paralysed after 5-30 p. m.

The fire Brigade attended five calls during the period.

CURFEW ORDER

Mr. J. C. Wilson, Commissioner of

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 1)

LATEST CASUALTY FIGURES

BOMBAY, Sunday.

According to unofficial reports, nearly 50 persons were killed and 200 injured in the disturbances in the city on Sunday evening.

In the J. J. Hospital 117 persons were admitted while in the Harkisondas Hospital nearly 60. The rest were removed to G. T. and other hospitals.

Police opened fire four times on mobs attempting to loot business establishments. A place of worship was also attacked by some hooligans.

Completely Under Control

Police Commissioner, J. C. Wilson announced a few minutes after midnight that the riots were "completely under control" at midnight and that additional troops are being called to re-inforce the company now on duty with the police.

FIVE KILLED IN QUETTA RIOTS

QUETTA, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): Five persons were killed and fourteen injured in the communal riot which took place here last night. About six shops were set on fire and about 50 shops in various parts of the town were broken open and looted. Loss thus caused is estimated at between seven and eight lakhs of rupees.

Cases of arson occurred on Anderson Road and in Machhi Bazaar.

Public reception was given to Raja Mahendra Pratap at Chowpatty on Saturday under the auspices of the B.P.C.C. Photo shows (left to right) Raja Mahendra Pratap, Mr. Nagindas T. Master and Mr. Saif Azad, an Iranian Revolutionary now in City.

TUDEH CLUB IN SHIRAZ FORCIBLY OCCUPIED

Azerbaijan Talks Again In Teheran: Ghavam's Move For Coalition

TEHERAN, Sept. 1 (U.P.A.): Tudeh sources reported today that the Tudeh Club in Shiraz in Southern Iran was forcibly occupied and closed yesterday by the Police. An undisclosed number of prominent Tudehites were injured during the action, the sources said.

Meanwhile, 14 senior non-commissioned officers "with Tudehite proclivities" were "purged" last week from the Persian Army and arrested. Most of the arrested NCO's are now on a hunger-strike.

TABRIZ-TEHERAN TALKS

Dr. Salamulla Djavid, Governor General of Azerbaijan; Gen. Chabestar, President of the Azerbaijan Provincial Council, and two Tabriz army generals are here for the talks with the Central Government.

It appears that the recently reported "complete agreement" between Azerbaijan and Teheran is still not complete.

Ghavam-es-Sultaneh, the Persian Premier, was expected to bring about a definite settlement in view of the forthcoming elections to the Majlis-Persian Parliament.

It was proposed in the agreement between Azerbaijan and the Central Government in June this year that the Province should become an integral part of Persia and that the Azerbaijan National Army should come under the command of the Persian Army.

Tribes in Northern Persia are reported to be clashing almost daily with Azerbaijan democrats but in the south—the oil province of Khuzistan—where the Anglo-Iranian oil wells are situated, tranquillity is reported.

Tudeh (left-wing) party supporters are urging early elections to enable the Majlis to grant "already agreed" oil concessions in Northern Persia to the Soviet Union.

GHAVAM'S MOVE FOR COALITION

Ghavam-es-Sultaneh is organising his new democratic party and expects to form a coalition of the country's four big parties before the elections.

Meanwhile Persia is faced with the prospects of a serious food shortage in six months. Bazar prices have doubled recently and black market prices of the sterling and the dollar have increased by 35 per cent.

'Big Four' Meeting Cancelled

PARIS, September 1, (Reuter): The meeting of the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers planned for tomorrow has been cancelled. The news of the cancellation has been confirmed by official British sources.

AFTER MOLOTOV'S RETURN

The reason given is that Big Four deputies at their meeting last night made such progress that it is considered unnecessary to call the Big Four together at the moment. They will probably meet soon after the return to Paris of M. Molotov, who left for Moscow yesterday. He is expected back in a few days.

NOTICE TO READERS

Wednesday 4th Sept. being Parsi New Year Day, the office of the "Bombay Chronicle" will remain closed and there will be no issue of the paper on Thursday

TOWARDS SIKH UNITY

Committee To Select Baldev Singh's Successor

SIMLA, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): A Committee consisting of three Akali leaders namely Master Tara Singh, Giani Kartar Singh and Sardar Ishar Singh Majhail has been appointed to select Sardar Baldev Singh's successor on the Punjab Cabinet. This decision followed a three-hour discussion at the resumed sitting of the Panthic M.L.As and Akali leaders today. About twenty members attended.

Col. Niranjan Singh, Gill, Dictator, Panthic Pratinidhi Board, was present by special invitation.

The participants agreed to abide by the award of the committee of three Akali leaders on the subject. They also pledged to dissolve forthwith the existing individual groups among ranks of Shiromani Akali Dal and Panthic M.L.As.

The meeting further resolved that as a measure of discipline anyone violating this solemn undertaking would be turned out of the party.

Indications are that selection is expected to be made after the arrival of Sardar Baldev Singh from Delhi.

GILL CALLS ON SHAFAT AHMED

SIMLA, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): Col. Niranjan Singh Gill called on Sir Shafat Ahmed Khan at Walker Hospital today.

Nehru Cabinet To Be Installed Today

PORTFOLIOS ANNOUNCED

Matthai To Hold Finance: Shafaat Ahmad In Charge Of Arts

NEW DELHI, Sep. 1, (A.P.I.): The portfolios of the new Interim Government have been distributed by H. E. the Governor-General as follows, says a press note issued from the Viceroy's House.

External Affairs and Commonwealth Relations: PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU.

Defence: SARDAR BALDEV SINGH.

Home including Information and Broadcasting: SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL.

Finance: Dr. JOHN MATTHAI.

Communications (War Transport and Railways): Mr. ASAF ALI.

Agriculture and Food: Dr. RAJENDRA PRASAD.

Labour: Mr. JAGJIVAN RAM.

Health, Education and Arts: SIR SHAFAAT AHMAD KHAN.

Legislative, Posts and Air: SYED ALI ZAHEER.

Industries and Supplies: Mr. C. RAJAGOPALACHARI.

Works, Mines and Power: Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE.

Commerce: Mr. C. H. BHABHA.

The members will be sworn in and the Government will take office tomorrow morning, September 2, 1946.

"EXECUTIVE COUNCILLORS" DROPPED: FRESH LIGHT ON NEW GOVT.'S STATUS

The phrasing of the official Press Note announcing the distribution of portfolios is noted with interest in New Delhi, adds the A.P.I.

Attention is called to the description of the Government as "the new Interim Government." This term came into vogue recently and was embodied in the Viceroy's broadcast of August 24. Its continued use in the official announcement and the avoidance of the appellation "Executive Council" are welcomed in Congress circles as significant of the new status which, by agreement though without any attempt at exact constitutional definition, is expected to be given to the Government. A prominent Congress member administered a friendly but serious warning to an incautious admirer who unwittingly greeted him as an Executive Councillor.

It is believed that when the announcement speaks portfolios having been distributed by H. E. the Governor-General it only uses a conventional formula to clothe the fact, which is well-known in Delhi, that the members designate first agreed

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 3)

Congress "No" To C. I. D. Offer

NEW DELHI, August 31, (A.P.I.): It is understood that in accordance with custom, the C.I.D. Chief wrote to members of the Interim Government offering armed protection for their person and property.

Congress members have declined the offer.

BOMBAY GOVT. MASTER PLAN TO DEAL WITH RIOTS

Cabinet Confident Of Handling Situation With Emergency Powers

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA Sept. 1.

The news of the out break of rioting in Bombay lent an air of sobriety to the proceedings of the Assembly Congress Party which met here on the eve of the important session of the Bombay Assembly which synchronises with the setting up of the first National Cabinet for India. The news came through while the party meeting was in progress at the residence of Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture. Both Premier Kher, who presided over the meeting and Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, conveyed the news to the meeting.

Although Mr. Morarji Desai declined to make any statement, I gather that Government was ready with a kind of a master plan in anticipation of such a situation. Every emergency power available to Government will be put into use and drastic steps including mass arrests of suspected and notorious characters will be taken at once.

Government is so confident of handling the situation that one Government spokesman forecast that this will be the last occasion that such methods will be tried.

Arrangements for the holding of the session are now complete. As there was a good deal of complaint during the last sitting regarding audibility the Assembly Chamber is now equipp with loudspeaker arrangements and as many as a dozen mikes are installed on the floor of the house and one is placed also on the speaker's desk.

LEAGUER'S MEETING

The Muslim League party is meeting tomorrow morning. Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, leader of the party, will not be here as he is unwell. Several suggestions have been mooted as to how the party should participate in the observance of "Black Monday" called for by Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan. I gather, however, it does not intend to do anything more spectacular than to attend the Assembly with small black flags pinned on their coats.

APPEAL FOR DONATION OF BLOOD

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The authorities of the Harkisandas and J. J. Hospital have appealed for blood donation. Those who wish to donate their blood should get in touch with these Hospitals. They will be given all protection while going to and coming from the Hospitals.

MRS. PANDIT FOR U.N.O.?

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit arrived here today.

It is understood that she may lead the Indian delegates to U.N.O. Conference which will debate the Indian question in South Africa.

A.P.I. adds:—

Besides Mrs. Pandit, the Indian Delegation will include Pandit Hridayanath Kunzru and Sir Raza Ali.

GOA BLACK-OUT ON TRUTH

Ducks Gandhiji's Plea To "Report On Facts"

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi has released to the Press the following telegrams exchanged between him and the head of the Government Information Bureau, Nova Goa:

Telegram from Mahatma Gandhi to the head of the Government Information Bureau dated August 29, 1946:

"Have just seen your official contradiction about treatment of prisoner Kakodkar. Please wire whether you will let a representative of weekly "Harijan" interview prisoner and report on facts".

The head of the Government Information Bureau Nova Goa replied as follows:—

"Impossible to accept in a purely internal matter the interference of newspaper man to report on facts".

Telegram from Mahatma Gandhi dated September 1, 1946, to the head of the Government Information Bureau:

"All over world I have heard of foreigners and foreign journalists being admitted by countries caring for world sympathy and opinion even in domestic scandals. Should not have thought that Portuguese Government was indifferent to criticism of outsiders".

STOP PRESS

GREECE OVERWHELMINGLY VOTES FOR MONARCHY.

ATHENS, Sept. 1, (Reuter): The first results of the polling to be officially announced came tonight from the village of statanodikis Volos in Thessaly, where 304 votes were cast in favour of the return of the King of the Hellenes and only one against.

At the village of Skepasto, north of Salonika, 274 votes were given for the Monarchy and four against.

ABDULLAH'S SURPRISE FOR HIGHER COMMITTEE.

JERUSALEM, Sept. 1, (Reuter): The Palestine Higher Committee were tonight discussing an "urgent invitation" received today from King Abdullah of the Transjordan to send a delegate to the Capital of Transjordan, Amman. It is understood to be in connection with the Palestine Arab refusal to participate in the London talks on Palestine.

"SPAIN ALL OVER AGAIN IN CHINA"!

LONDON, Sept. 1. (U.P.A.): Richard Crossman, Labour M. P., charged today that civil war in China was an "undercover war" between the United States and Russia.

"It is Spain all over again," he said.

Crossman said the United States has armed Chiang-Kai-Shek's forces with airplanes, bombs and munitions, while the Russians have supplied War materials to the Chinese Communists and "the result is civil war".

Crossman's lengthy article in the Sunday Pictorial said Russia and the United States were "jockeying for position" as the only two nations capable of surviving atomic warfare.

Crossman said both the nations were busily preparing defence zones in the Far East and Europe but the "world is not big enough to hold two hermetically sealed defence systems. That is why preparation for war leads to war."

BRITAIN'S ROLE

He said Britain should avoid becoming a "junior partner" in an Anglo-American alliance and should strive for independence so as to serve as mediator between Russia and the United States.

Gandhiji Postpones Departure For Wardha

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1 (UPI).—The United Press of India learns from the Gandhi Camp that in response to a pressing request from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Gandhiji has decided to postpone his departure for Wardha by one week.

Pandit Nehru and his Congress colleagues on the Interim Government are understood to have desired that Gandhiji should be present in Delhi when the provisional National Government is formally ushered into existence.

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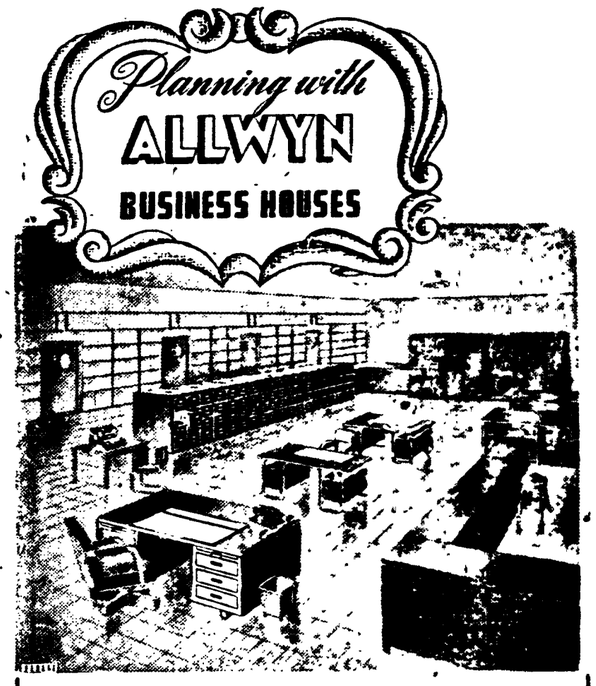

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Cochin Maharaja's Lead

Sir,—The traditional magnanimity and statesmanship is again radiating in the recent timely utterances of His Highness the Maharaja of Cochin. It is laudable that a bold step has been taken, much to the pride of the State citizens, by the Cochin Maharaja whose one aim has been peace, prosperity and tranquility for his beloved subjects. When other States are still on the horns of a dilemma as to whether they should line up with the Congress or whether they should cling to the breaking thread of their own sovereignty, our Maharaja (I am a subject of Cochin State) has shown them a way out and has given them a proper lead. Let the other Princes, if they are wise, follow his lead, or God bless them for the consequence. I hope all the Cochin subjects will not fail to honour His Highness on this occasion.

G. K. MENON, MANNOOR.

Indian & English University Degrees

Sir,—I have just received a copy of "The Times of India" Special Correspondent's letter from London dated 16th June, in which he refers to mine in "United Empire" concerning the comparative merit of Indian and English university degrees. He says: "Mr. Parker's own view does not matter." Perhaps—not but does their correspondent's? Did he not visit Simla for the first time in the year he retired from India and did he not hold the the view that "the gift of languages is a most inferior choice?"

R. H. PARKER.

Devonsire Club,
St. James's, S.W.I., London.

Kittur Itihas Mandal

Sir,—The above named society has been newly formed for the research into the history of Kittur Kings' dynasty (in Karnatak) we appeal to those who are interested in historical research that we have accidentally collected three copper plates measuring 1-1/2 feet by 1 foot and that it is said these plates belong to the age of Kadamba Kings. Secondly we have got few papers and letters relating to Tippu Sultan and his invasion on Kittur Kingdom and other feudal lords of Karnatak.

I learn further that these papers are quite fresh and cannot be found in the collections of Mysore Historical Researches on Tippu's volumes.

Those who are interested are welcome to go through these collections.

RAYANAGOUDA PATIL.

Bail Hongal,
(District Belgam).

Bank Interest Reduction

Sir,—It is surprising that the contemplated approach of the Reserve Bank of India to scheduled banks to abolish the payment of interest on current accounts and to reduce the rates of interest on savings banks and fixed deposits, has not aroused strong public protests. The reasons advanced for the proposed move, which is unwarranted and unfair, are that in consequence of the cheap money policy adopted by Government in respect of their borrowings, there would be a fall in the interest earned by banks on their investments and that no reduction in expenditure was foreshadowed. It is, however, admitted that owing to the growing demand for banking facilities, the banks' profits may not decline. It may be submitted ha as the benefit of Governments borrowings at low rates goes to the general tax-payer, the Government policy is fully justified The same is not the case with banks. If the banks reduce the rate of interest on their borrowings the benefit thereof would go to the few shareholders of each bank in the shape of increased profits which are already high and would in no way be justified. As itis, moreover admitted that owing to increasing demand for bank accommodation the banks' profits are not likely to be affected despite the cheap borrowing policy of the Government, there is absolutely no reason to abolish or reduce the rates of interest on public deposits. On the contrary as the handsome profits at present made by the banks result largely from the use of their depositors' moneys, the banks are morally bound to give and the depositors are entitled to claim a reasonable share of the profits in the shape of a decent rate of interest on their deposits. Despite this depositors' claim should the scheduled banks lower the rates of interest, which lish the same, the non-scheduled banks, which are not few, will follow their example, with the result that the money saving habit of the people and depositing the money with the banks at interest will gradually decline and die, and the poor and the l ower-middle class people will in the long run suffer in the absence of any savings to fall that absence of any savings to fall back upon in times of emergency. It may here be point out that with aview to encouraging persons of poor and moderate means to save and bank money, Government some years back raised the old limit of Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 5,000 of Post Office Savings bank deposits and also revised the rate of interest thereon from 1½ p.c. to 2 p.c. about a couple of years ago. With a view to protecting at any rate the interest of the poor and middle class depositors in banks, Government would do well to take early steps, legislative or otherwise, for controlling the rates of interest granted by banks on deposits and for providing that no bank accepting deposits from the public shall give less than annual 1p.c. interest on current accounts, 2 p.c. on savings bank deposits and 2½ p.c. on fixed deposits upto deposits of 10,000 o each class so long as the profit of the bank can admit of an annual dividend of not less than 5 p.c. being declared by the bank.

A. B. SABNIS.

Chemists' Shop Assistants

Sir—I shall be glad if you will please permit me through the columns of your paper to appeal to my co-workers, chemist shop-assistants and compounders to wake-up from their slumber and start a union to fight for their rights and improve their service conditions. The post-war period has shown that all types of labour have realised that the unjust conditions of service under which they have been forced to work by their employers can be set right only through a propperly constituted Union. Strangely enough we, though exploited like other workers, probably in a worse way, have never thought of banding ourselves into a Union. I appeal to my fellow-workers to think seriously about this idea, consult each other and decide whether to form a Union to protect our rights.

"A CHEMIST SHOP-ASSISTANT".

Epidemics In Bombay

Sir,—Bombay's problem of combating epidemics such as Small-Pox, Typhoid and the like has worsened since the war years consequent to the increase in population, and the limited scope of the only Isolation Hospital in the city. Mere propaganda cannot check the spread of such epidemics due to over-crowded dwellings and the attendant insanitary conditions. Besides, the average middle class and poor people who form the bulk of the populace find it virtually impossible to obtain patent medicines, injections, etc., all of which vanish into the all-pervading black-market.

It should not be difficult for the Government to improvise some of the Military structures situated in the north of the Island into ideal isolation hospitals—as such hospitals, apart from being provided with good nursing and medical facilities do not require any expensive or costly equipment. Arrangements could also be made to store and sell within the hospital patient drugs and injections, etc., for the exclusive availability of in-patients. Cannot the authorities do anything in this direction?

C. R. KRISHNAN.

Secondary Teachers' Salaries

Sir,—I am greatly surprised at the entire in action of the secondary teachers in regard to the problem of their salaries. The University of Bombay has of late been responsible for the betterment of the status of the lectures and professors. The primary teachers have succeeded not only in ventilating their grievances but in securing promises also for their redressal. What are the secondary teachers thinking of? They are deplorably immersed in their own thankless jobs even during these days of stiff struggle for existence when the process of commodities have shot up so very high. I really wonder how not a single soul of this sheepish fold even thinks of going on strike. The lot of the secondary teachers is to my mind far from satisfactory. Are they really content with their humiliating remuneration?

Could I look forward to the Bombay Teachers' Association and the Bombay North Teachers' Association for expediting this matter so as to contemplate a general strike if their grievances are not redressed by the ruthless and high-handed management of the private educational institutions which are stampedly indifferent to this problem and which revel only in massacring the poor secondary, teachers?

M. N.

Housing Shortage

Sir,—To meet the housing-shortage effectively the Government should first take possession of all buildings and premises which are either vacant or are likely to be vacant. The Government should also requisition all buildings and premises which are not in fact required for bona-fide use by the present occupants. To determine what is required for bona fide use of a person the criterion is not a comparison of his income with the rent he pays. The amount of space required by a person should be determined by a consideration of his real and genuine needs. A person need not be allowed to occupy a whole building or a whole floor just because he happens to be rich enough to pay the rent. Once having taken possession of all available space for residence the Government must set up an efficient machinery for the purpose of just allottment to deserving persons.

It is by the interference of a just and efficient Government alone that we can expect to escape from the dishonest machinations of black marketeers.

T. S. HEGDE.

Enrolment Of Advocates In Bombay High Court

Sir,—The rule laid down by the Bar Council at the High Court of Judicature at Bombay for the enrolment to the office of Advocate in the Bombay High Court is that the candidates should submit the degrees obtained in Law at the time of enrolment to such office. Many candidates and particularly those who have graduated themselves in Law in April last had a few days' time before the postal strike to apply for their degrees in the convocation to be held in the month of August of this year. The strike was continuing when the last day of repired and many candidates will be pired and many candidates will be ceiving forms for the degree, has exunable to get the degrees in the convocation to be held in August and have to wait till February, 1937 when the next convocation will be held. Thus enrolment will be postponed for six months and all this for the technical rule of not being able to produce the degree at the time of enrolment. To avoid the delay it is besaught of the Bar-Council that candidates be allowed to be enrolled to the offices of Advocates on the production of pass certificates given under the hand of the Registrar, Bombay University, the enrolment being subject to confirmation on the production of the degree after the convocation in February 1947 and further, for that purpose the rule may as far as required be relaxed to meet the temporary need.

P. S. MURTY.

Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway

Sir,—The A. P. Railway was running four trains to and from Ahmedabad. During the war these were ... a year and a half since the war ended, nothing is being done to resume normal service. While the factories have multiplied on this line and the increase in the number of travelling public is four times that of pre-war level, still there is only one train to accommodate this increased traffic. It is a daily feature on this line to see travellers jammed up and some of them forced to travel not only on footboards but in some cases even on top of the compartments. There is seldom any arrangement for supply of water even in the upper classes. The train is scheduled to reach Ahmedabad at 7-30 p.m. but it seldom reaches before nine, and there have been instances of arrivals as late as 12 o'clock, and these are not isolated instances either. The passengers going to Ahmedabad do not get any accommodation as by nine o'clock almost all the hotels are closed and passengers are left stranded in the open, some even with young children. Passengers who have to travel towards Bombay hardly get a connecting train, and if they are lucky in getting a connecting train

ONE AFFECTED.

Govt. Servants And House Allowance

Sir,—Certain Government servants get some house-rent-allowance. According to the rules they are not entitled to this allowance, if they stay beyond Andheri (on B.B. & C.I.) or Ghatkopar (on G.I.P.) In the days when rules were framed, one could easily find a suitable place within limits. But now it is very difficult to find a place at even Borivli. I know of some persons who are deprived of this allowance due to their not being able to find a place within these limits.

Will our popular Government quickly modify these rules to suit the present conditions, and issue orders to the heads of different departments no to withhold the payment of house-rent-allowance in case of servants affected?

Way To Improve Country-Craft Trade

Tindals Must Be Licensed To Prevent Malpractices

(By J. B. BODA)

Transport of goods by waterways is always cheaper and, therefore, the businessman generally uses the steamer or the country craft for the import or export of his goods.

The traffic of country craft on the West Coast of India from Karachi to Allepy and to Colombo and also to Broach, Surat and other ports on the big rivers of Gujerat dates back by centuries. No doubt, with the advent of steamers on this side, the country craft traffic has suffered. But fortunately, the tindals, sailors and others engaged in the country craft trade have not yet been forced to leave their occupation. During the years of war, owing to shortage of steamers the demand for country craft increased considerably and, therefore, during the last five or six years, a number of new craft have also been built. Even for the transport of Government and Military goods, country craft was used to a considerable extent.

For certain types of goods, such as coir-ropes and coir-yarn, tiles, 'vanzis', timber logs, scantlings, loose cocoanuts which are exported in very large quantity from Malabar to Bombay and to Kathiawar, Cutch and Gujerat ports, the country craft has been indispensable. Moreover, as the steamer does not touch at small ports, the country craft serves the needs for the import and export of cargo at these small ports. Besides this, the Indian craft has for years been regularly performing voyages to Iraq, Iran, Aden and African ports.

WHY LOSSES HAVE INCREASED

In spite of the extensive traffic, according to the experience of insurers of country craft risks, the losses in this business have now become so heavy that if no improvement is obtained in the near future, it will be difficult to obtain the necessary insurance protection. And in the absence of such protection the merchants will cease to send their goods by country craft and this will lead to a great loss and suffering for the country craft trade.

Till recen ly, the losses in country craft were due to damage through water (which is never an insured risk) or through total loss of craft. Losses due to jettison have always been greater than losses due to any other cause. But such cases of jettison were much less in number formerly than those at present, and even in the case of craft which did jettison the cargo lost was hardly about ten to fifteen per cent of the total cargo carried in the craft. At present the number of cases of total loss of craft has increased considerably and in the same way the cases of jettison have also increased in number.

For the increased losses, the irregularity of the seasons and weather conditions during the last five or six years is responsible to some extent. But the main cause in this connection is the questionable behaviour of some of the tindals. According to the present practice of country craft trade the tindal or the owner of the country craft has not to suffer any loss on account of the cargo which is jettisoned by the craft, since he is able to recover in full the balance of freight charges if any due by the shippers of the goods. The cargo is jettisoned for the safety of the craft and the lives of tindal and the crew on board the craft, and the tindal and the craft owner both are benefited, but the entire loss due to jettison is borne only by a third party whose goods have been jettisoned. This is so because there is absence of any effective control over malpractices of tindals in the country craft trade. Either the tindal sells a par of the goods at any small port on his way or sells the same to another craft (which in many cases is a Bagala, meaning Arabian craft) and then he either proceeds to his destination port or to some nearby port and there lodges before the port authorities a protest to the effect that on his way he met with rough winds and heavy sea and therefore he had to jettison a part of his cargo. Once the tindel lodges such a protest he has nothing further to do nor he has any other responsibility left with him. On the other hand, before he allows the unloading of the remaining goods on board, he demands and recovers the balance of freight due to him by the consignees. As the full freight is payable for the cargo which is jettisoned the tindal at times becomes greedy and over-loads the craft on this account, and then after having gone only for a short distance, he jettisons the cargo to lighten the craft. The dishonest and unlawful acts of selling the cargo on board generally take place either in the mid sea or at very small ports where checking by port and Customs officials is very slack. Moreover, such acts are so carefully manoeuvred that it is very difficult to detect them. In these circumstances the number of tindels, sailors, and merchants indulging in such malpractice is day by day increasing.

MALPRACTICES MUST BE ENDED

It will thus be realized that the country craft trade, which was once a matter of pride for Indians, is now on its way to its downfall. During the years of war, when there was great demand for country craft and also when the higher freights could be secured, a number of new craft were built. But today the old saying that 'The Craft sails on trust' does not hold good and the merchants, the insurance companies and lastly the national wealth of the country suffers to a great extent every year. Therefore, it is a very essential duty on the part of the owners of the old and the newly built craft and also for everybody connected with the country craft trade to bring about an improvement in the present state of affairs. The Government should also take interest in this matter and introduce some changes in the present practice of country craft trade to put it on modern footing. Even the insurers can help to a great extent in this matter, if they take some joint action.

The tindal who at present, unlawfully, sells the cargo on board his craft realizes only a little more than the amount of the balance of the freight payable at destination. As the tindal gets the full amount of balance freight even for the cargo which is jettisoned (which is in fact wrongfully sold away by him) he does not lose anything. The practice to pay the balance freight for the jettisoned cargo came in vogue in olden days because the tindel felt a blamish on his career to jettison and hence jettison cases were very few and such incidents occurred only when there was really bad weather and besides the loss due to jettison of cargo, the body and outfit of the craft suffered damage. There have been even instances when the owner of the craft had, to maintain his prestige, made good to the consignees the value of the goods jettisoned by his craft. But today such is not the morality and the integrity of the tindals and owners of the crafts. In many a cases, about fifty or sixty per cent of the cargo on board the craft is jettisoned, but the craft itself has practically not suffered any damage. It is for these reasons that it is now essential to make a change in the old practice and make it obligatory only to pay the balance freight for jettisoned cargo. If about half the freight is compulsorily kept as a balance which should be payable only when the goods land intact (according to number of packages only) at destination, this change in practice will lead to a great improvement in the present position. The insurers should also discontinue the practice of insuring goods on the basis of value which includes the full amount of freight.

LICENSE THE TINDAL

At present anybody can be the tindal of a country craft. This appointment is made by the owner of the craft mostly on the basis of a monthly salary of about Rs. 40 to Rs. 60 and some other allowances. The tindal has not to pass any examination nor to obtain any license for his qualification, and relying on this man, goods worth thousands and lakhs of rupees are entrusted to his custody. The shippers of goods by country craft have at present no means of knowing the past career of the tindal. But if the practice is introduced to grant licenses to tindals and to enter into such licenses a note about the cases of jettisons done by him and also about his brave deeds, if any, it will certainly bring about an improvement in the present undesirable position. In this matter the Government can help by introducing a system of licenses for tindals, which is sure to reduce the number of cases of unlawful and wrongful acts on the part of the tindals. At present the crafts are registered at certain ports and the calls of registration are issued. In this call (which is the license for the craft), if the practice to enter particulars about the survey of the craft, jettisons, etc., be started, it will also be very useful.

Against the above suggestions, it may be argued that when the goods are shipped by steamer, no inquiry is made as to who is her captain or what is his past career. But in the case of a steamer the information as to the owner of the steamer, her local agents, etc., is always available. Moreover, in the case of any loss which is incurred for the safety of the steamer and her crew and the cargo, the owners of the steamer themselves share a part of such loss as per the general average practice. When a craft meets with an accident, her tindal can relieve himself of his responsibility by going to any smallest port and lodging his protest before a meagrely paid Bunder Karkun. Instead of this, if the authority to record the protest lodged by a tindal in the matter of any accident be vested only in responsible officers, it will also lead to an improvement.

These suggestions are made with the best possible motive and with a sincere wish to improve the country craft trade so that it may regain its old prestige. It is to be hoped that these suggestions will be given due consideration by all merchants, craft owners, brokers, tindals, sailors, insurers and also the Government officers connected with the Country Craft Trade and that all of them will take the steps necessary to bring about an improvement in the present position.

'Bombay Chronicle'

Special Issue

for

THE INDIAN FILM INDUSTRY

THE ISSUE of the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" of 25th October next, the Hindu New Year day, will be larger than usual. Its special feature will be a number of articles dealing with different aspects of the Film Industry. These articles, written as they will be by specialists on the subject, will be constructive, interesting and informative. Many of these articles will be illustrated.

Contributions and other material intended for publication should be sent to the Editor "Bombay Chronicle".

Particulars and rates of advertisements can be had from the Advt. Dept. of the "Bombay Chronicle".

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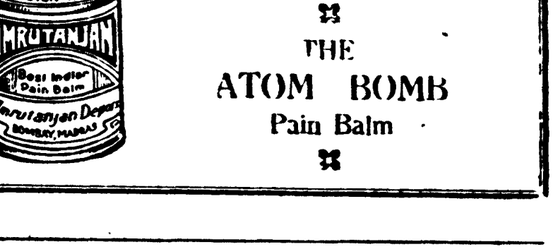

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An EVERGREEN Release.

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HARISCHANDRA Pictures'
DURBAAN
Direction: S. M. YUSUF
Starring: KUMAR, YAKUB
KAUSHALYA, SULOCHANA
Matinee Wed. 1 P. M.
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RAJKAMAL's Screen Classic
DR. KOTNIS
Directed by V. SHANTARAM
Starring JAYASHREE, V. SHANTARAM
Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
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MORE CROWDS!!
—AND STILL MORE CROWDS!!!
AT EVERY SHOW AT THE
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Directors:
ISMAIL MENON & LUQMAN
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JAMUNA Productions'
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IMPERIAL

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 7, 2002.
Muslim: Savval 5, 1365.
Parsi: Gatha 4, 1315.
Sunrise: 6-24 a.m. Sunset: 6-53 p.m.
Hightide: 03-44, 15-21.
Lowtide. 09-15, 21-42.

Today's Engagements

RECEPTION TO RAJA MAHENDRA-PRATAP.

Under the auspices of The Young Men's Hindu Association there will be a reception to Raja Mahendrapratap, at 6-30 p.m., today, at the Association premises, Vithalbhai Patel Road.

RECEPTION TO MAHENDRA PRATAP. Under the auspices of Matunga and Sion Congress Samithis a public reception will be accorded to Raja Mahendra Pratap, today (Monday), at 8-45 p.m., at Napoo Gardens weather permitting, otherwise at Poddar College Hall, Matunga.

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LTD., AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES' EMPLOYEES' UNION: An extraordinary General Body Meeting will be held at Cama Hall, Apollo Street, today (Monday), at 6 p.m.

DUBAS LANE GANESHOTSAVA MANDAL: Flag Salutation at Dubas Lane, Vithalbhai Patel Road, by Mr. S. K. Patil, today (Monday), at 8-00 p.m. (S. T.).

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today (Monday), at 6 p.m., at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road, Dasturji Bode will deliver a public lecture on "Profound Ethical Code of the Mazdayasni Zarathushtrian Religion".

PATETI FRATERNISATION (Variety Programme) at Youths' Own Union; YOU at Cama Oriental Instituter's (Library) Hall, at 6 p.m., today (Monday).

F. A. HINDU COLONY'S GANPATI FESTIVAL: The programme from 2nd Sept. to 6th Sept. is as under:—

Monday, (2nd Sept.), 9 p.m., Satar Wadan (Prabhakar Telang); 10 p.m., Singing (Mohanrao Pal).

Tuesday, (3rd Sept.), 7 p.m., Lecture (Suresh Vaidya on "Socialism for India"); 10 p.m., Play (Usha Nawara).

Wednesday, (4th Sept.), 4 p.m., Lecture (Prof. G. D. Parikh on "Future of the Middle Class); 5 p.m., Ballads (N. V. Kelkar); 9 p.m., Pravachana Kaneheshastry (Ex-Professor of London University); 10 p.m., Local Cultural Programmes.

Thursday, (5th Sept.), 7 p.m., Lecture (Prin. M. C. Donde on "Primary Teachers"; 9 p.m., Keertan (Sahasrabuddhe); 11 p.m. Playlet (Puneri Joda).

Friday, (6th Sept.), 9 p.m., Lecture P. R. Lele on "The Constituent Assembly and the Problem of the Country"; 10 p.m., Keertan Powada (Smt. Krishnabai Charagaonkar).

SAFIA KHAN FUNCTION POSTPONED: The Secretary of the Bombay Congress Sevika Dal says that the function arranged in honour of Mrs. Safia Khan, the Retiring G. O. C., at C. J. Hall, on Monday, has been postponed due to Curfew Order.

Bombay Private Motor Drivers' Union

At its Executive Committee meeting held on the 27th August it was resolved that a 'Drivers' Day' be observed on the 8th September when all the private motor drivers in the city, keeping away from their duty for four hours, will gather at 7-30 a.m., at the Gowalia Tank Maidan. From there they will take out a procession through different localities in the city, ending in the sands of Chowpatty. Further information can be had from Mr. Vasant Nevrekar, at 42, Kennedy Bridge between 8 p.m. and 11 p.m., daily.

University For Gujerat

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1, (A. P. I.): A request to the Government of Bombay to appoint a commission to prepare a scheme of a University for Gujerat was made at a meeting of the Gujerat University Association which has been formed under the presidentship of Mr. G. V. Mavlanker, President of the Central Legislative Assembly.

Mr. Mavlanker presiding over the meeting, declared that he had seen Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, who had agreed to appoint a commission for the purpose.

Baby Born After Mother Dies

DENVER, Aug. 30, (U. P. A.): A healthy five-pound baby girl was delivered by a Caesarian operation at the Colorado General Hospital a few moments after her mother died of infantile paralysis, it was disclosed today.

This was the second such case at the hospital within a month.

TODAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY-1

244 m. (1,231 kc/s) 7.30 a.m. Keep Fit 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8.30 Ismail Imam Khan 8.45 Mohammad Siddiq 9-0 Kausalya Manjeshwar 12 Bhajan Ke Liye 12-45 p.m News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Halke Phulke Gane 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Hour Music 4-20 School Broadcast 5.0 Ismail Imam Khan 5.15 Anwar Khan 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Local 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Prem Geeten K H Wakankar 6.30 Dabke Master 6.45 Mohammad Siddiq 7.15 Ismail Imam Khan 7.30 Kausalya Manjeshwar 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 Eran Par: Milkat Vero (Talk in Gujarati by D. T. Lokdawala) 8.45 Kavya Vachan (Readings by V. D. Ghate) 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9-30 B B C News 9-40 Programme Parade 9.45 Art Time (Talk in English by D G Vyas) 10.0 Kausalya Manjeshwar 10.30 Anwar Khan.

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Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Wed. 1 p. m.
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GREAT SCHOLAR & SOCIAL REFORMER

Prarthana Samaj Celebrates Bhandarkar's Death Anniversary

The 21st anniversary of the death of the late Dr. Sir Ramkrishna Bhandarkar was celebrated at the Bombay Prarthana Samaj on Saturday evening with choral service which included readings based on the incidents from the life of the late Dr. Bhandarkar and his teachings. It was a symposium in which several persons participated.

The late Dr. Bhandarkar was a renowned scholar, a great social reformer and one of the leading lights of the Brahmo-movement in Western India. His "Early History of the Deccan" and "Vaishnavism and Shaivism" are monumental among his works.

NATIONAL CHEMICAL LABORATORY

Search For Site In Poona

POONA, August 31 (API).—Sir Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar, Director of the Board of Industrial and Scientific Research, was in Poona yesterday in connection with the selection of the site for the National Chemical Laboratory which is proposed to be started in Poona. Sir Shanti Swarup accompanied by the Bombay Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher, inspected a site near Ganeshkhind.

Premier Chromate And Chemical Works

The Manager, Premier Chromate and Chemical Works writes:—

In some of the local newspapers we have read news about the strike of our factory. It seems that these notes are passed on to these papers by the Union authorities and the news by itself are incorrect and misleading. The true facts are that the workers have struck work since the 22nd morning without giving any notice to us. Before stoppage of work the Union did not approach the Labour Officer for making efforts to avoid strike. Mr. Mallick, the President of the Union, even did not know that it is the function of the Labour Officer to try to see that amicable settlement between the parties is arrived at. On the contrary, he admitted that it is first to strike and then only Labour Officer would intervene for settlement. On the 24th instant the Labour Officer called Mr. Mallick of the Factory Workers' Union as well as the Management and suggested for a settlement between the parties. The Management readily agreed the suggestion of the Labour Officer and went to the extent of even accepting his arbitration in the matter provided the workers resume the work immediately and have already confirmed the talk by our letter. It is Mr. Mallick who refused the suggestion of the Labour Officer and for the reason best known to him he desires to continue the strike.

PROGRESS OF CIVIL AVIATION IN INDIA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1 (A.P.I.): "The public demand for air travel increased at a rate far exceeding expectations a year ago," says a survey by the Civil Aviation Directorate of Internal Air Transport in India during the half year ended June 1946, a period in which there was considerable all-round development in all spheres of civil aviation.

An Air Transport Licensing Board has been established. Flying clubs employed in flying for the Armed Services have been re-established on a new peace-time subsidy basis, which includes the loan of aircraft.

The pre-war system of Aeronautical Radio communications is being taken over this year by the Civil Aviation Directorate, which is being reorganised into two divisions dealing respectively with aerodromes and administration and aircraft operations. A separate aviation wing of the C.P.W.D. was formed on July 1, 1946.

The air forces have agreed to continue to provide communications and flying control facilities at a number of important aerodromes, until they can be relieved by the developing civil organization. The Airway Radio equipment installed in India by the U.S.A. has been purchased and will be employed to supplement the post-war civil aviation network.

BRITISH GOODWILL MISSION TO CHINA

LONDON, Sept. 1 (Reuter): The British Trade Mission which leaves England early this month for China may well ask "some pointed questions" on needless obstacles to trade, says writer O. M. Green in "Observer" to-day.

Mr. Green adds: "Some months ago it was announced that British ships would be allowed to carry goods up the Yangtze but the announcement has never been fulfilled and China has recently cancelled the permission given to British ships to ply between sea coast ports. A representative of the British Ministry of Transport is going out to investigate this question.

It is obvious that until peace is restored in North China, until Chinese exports begin to move and particularly until China's currency is placed on a proper basis, trade in a big way is impossible.

But there are already promising signs in South China where there is no fighting.

From Provincial Governments of Kwangtong and Kwangsi (each of which is larger than Great Britain) numerous enquiries have been received and already large orders for machinery have been placed with British firms on cash basis.

"Contrary to general belief, I am assured, it is possible for Great Britain even now to deliver textile machinery and some kinds of railway stock more quickly than can the United States."

Mr. Green points out that the Mission, which will be under the leadership of Sir Leslie Boyce, former member of Parliament, is not intended to secure orders "nor can it offer trade credits. Primarily its business is to explore opportunities for British trade as China recovers but above all it will be a Goodwill Mission."

13 SHOPS BURNT AT DHAMTAUR

Dr. Khan Sahib Orders Precautions To Be Taken Against Goondas

PESHAWAR, Aug. 31 (API).—Thirteen shops were burnt at Dhamtaur village near Abbottabad, according to a report received from there. Some arrests have been made in this connection.

Dr. Khan Sahib, Premier N.W.F.P., visited Dhamtaur yesterday and personally spoke to prominent leaders of all communities. He gave orders for certain precautions to be taken against the goonda element.

The fire broke out on the night of Aug. 29 and was brought under control after several hours with the assistance of the military authorities from Abbottabad.

No loss of life is reported though a number of buildings have been damaged.

ARTHUR MOORE ON CALCUTTA RIOTS

In a letter addressed to the 'Statesman', expressing his views on the Calcutta riots, Mr. Arthur Moore writes:

For any given man-made catastrophe all participating parties bear some responsibility. In party politics the procedure considered correct and honourable is for each component to blame the others and entirely exonerate himself.

I suggest that war, whether so-called civil or between nations, has become too catastrophic to permit us to go on using a code which promotes strife by making it obligatory on decent people to say "my party, or my country, right and never wrong". The better plan is for us to concentrate on our own mistakes and try to undo them; leaving the others to do the same.

One can select a chain of cause and effect of any length and put what mathematicians call the limit where one chooses. One might start from our failure at the beginning of the war to treat India on an equal footing as an ally; but, for the Calcutta riots, let us take the Cabinet Mission's negotiations as starting point.

You, Sir, showed the true path when you pointed out that we, as represented by the Cabinet Mission, had grievously let down the Muslim League. Whoever invented the later interpretation of the statement of June 16 is entitled to lasting honour wherever hairs are split but it bore only one simple and straightforward meaning.

BLAME OURSELVES.

The Muslim League alone had accepted the long-term and the short-term plan, and for the sake of peace had agreed to try out a federal form of Government and forgo the idea of a sovereign independent Pakistan. No glimmer of thanks or gratitude reached them. From the Hindu Press rose a roar of triumph that the League was beaten, and day after day a stream of insult and cartoon poured forth. But that is not our concern. Our concern is that by going back on the statement of June 16 we let down those who trusted us, and that owing to the inherent corruption of the party system of Parliamentary government (which is the greatest obstacle to true democracy) the British Press had to represent the Cabinet Mission as a success, and to conceal the wrong done to the Muslims.

We have produced a situation in which civil war is an obvious possibility. Civil wars are more realistic than international wars because the bulk of the people on both sides generally understand what they are fighting for. On the possible edge of a civil war it is futile to suppose that issues can be disposed of by section this and regulation that. I see no point in blaming anybody except ourselves.

I have a deep sense of terrible disasters impending; and while I think that Britain should admit error and give the League the opportunity of attempting the role of peacemaker, for which it is temperamentally better fitted than an organization which has practised direct action for a quarter of a century. I would also ask those who conduct Indian-owned newspapers, who were my colleagues and remain my friends, to write more moderately, and—above all—to avoid the grievous and costly self-delusion of imputing to the Muslim League only "bluff and bluster".

Lastly, may I remind Mahatma Gandhi, who never lacks the courage to admit, mistakes and call off the dogs of war, of a piece of wisdom from the Sermon on the Mount: "Agree with Thine adversary quickly, whilst thou art in the way with him".

BENGAL ASSEMBLY SESSION TO BE POSTPONED

CALCUTTA August 30 (API): It is understood that the Bengal Legislative Assembly which was due to meet on Monday, (Sept. 2,) is likely to be adjourned for ten days and will now meet on September 12.

Party leaders have agreed on this postponement, "in view of the present circumstances."

RIOTING IN DACCA

Plea For 'Military Intervention'

CALCUTTA, August 31 (A.P.I.): An appeal to the Government, the leaders of public opinion and the Press to focus their serious attention and energy on the problem of Dacca where communal disturbances have continued since August 20, has been made by Mrs. Leela Roy, the Forward Bloc leader and a members of the Constituent Assembly, in a statement to the Press.

Mrs. Roy says that any little thing is enough to give the signal for a fresh spate of mutual throat-cutting at Dacca. Though the problem of Calcutta is serious, the riots at Dacca, the Centre of gravity of Eastern Bengal, form the crux of the whole communal problem.

Mrs. Roy maintains that it is a matter of plain commonsense, and anyone could have foreseen that the large-scale slaughter in Calcutta would be a direct incitement to a virulent flare-up of communal frenzy at Dacca.

In conclusion, Mrs. Roy feels that immediate military intervention is needed for ensuring the much-needed sense of security in the mind of the panic-stricken public in Dacca, the second city of Bengal.

States People's Executive

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): It is announced that a meeting of the Standing Committee of the All-India States Peoples' Conference will be held in Delhi on September 18 and 19. The Committee will consider, temporary re-arrangements to relieve its President, Pandit Nehru, owing to his appointment as a member of the Interim Government, review general political situation and situation arising in different states, and affiliation of hitherto unaffiliated Praja Mandals.

NO SUBMISSION TO INTIMIDATION

Shah Nawaz's Advice To National Volunteers

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1, (A. P. I.): Shah Nawaz Khan, G. O. C. of the National Volunteer Corps of the Congress, in a message to Congress volunteers appeals to them to be "symbols of Indian freedom and unity and all else that the Congress stands for".

He says that true co-operation cannot be achieved by submission to intimidation. No self-respecting individual or organisation can submit to this without giving up the case for which it stands.

He adds: "In meeting this intimidation, however, we must not allow ourselves to lower our own standards and we must always remember that the various elements in the Indian population, Hindus, Muslims, Sikhs, Christians and others, have to be welded together. Therefore, we must not act in a way which separates and which leaves the seeds of ill-will behind".

It is gratifying to note, continues Mr. Shah Nawaz, the Muslim League has condemned all the recent outrages committed in Calcutta and elsewhere.

The Congress President has recently suggested the formation of Mohalla or Village committees for self-defence. These will not be Hindu or Muslim committees but joint committees of both, undertaking to protect their own Mohalla or Village. Trained volunteers can help in this task considerably. They should patrol disturbed areas but always in such a way as not to hinder the work of the police. They should help in rescue and relief work.

Delhi Ban Extended

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): The prohibitory order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. has been extended until September 30. The order which prohibits the assembly of more than ten persons will also apply to the area within the jurisdiction of the New Delhi municipality in addition to the area of the Delhi municipality and the Fort Notified Area to which it applied before.

Madras Ban On Meetings

MADRAS, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): The Commissioner of Police, Madras, has issued an order prohibiting the holding of meetings, processions and demonstrations in the city from 6 a. m. tomorrow, September 2, to 6 a. m. on Tuesday, September 3, except under a licence issued by him. Marriage, religious and funeral processions are exempted from the provisions of this order.

Mrs. Pandit's Plea For Joint Peace Brigades

AGRA, Aug. 31 (A.P.I.): Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Minister, U. P. Government, arrived here yesterday and inspected the Medical College and Thomason Hospital and Central Jail and a site for a new Medical College near Sikandra.

Addressing a public meeting in Ramlila Maidan Mrs. Pandit regretted public apathy and weaknesses which caused public grievances such as bad sanitations. She referred to Calcutta riots and commended the spirit of neighbourly feeling shown by Muslims and Hindus in sheltering others. She urged the formation of joint peace brigades as suggested by Pandit Nehru.

SEC. 144 IN PATNA

PATNA, Sept. 1 (UPI).—In view of the communal tension prevailing in Bihar Section 144 Cr.P.C. has been promulgated with effect from today in Patna city, Patna Administration Committee area, Dinapore and Khagaul municipal areas and numerous other places in the province to avoid breach of peace.

The order remains in force for 15 days.

SEC. 144 IN NAGPUR

NAGPUR, August 31 (API).—The District Magistrate of Nagpur has issued an order late this evening under Section 144 Cr.P.C. prohibiting all processions on any public place, street or thoroughfare within the entire city limits of Nagpur for a period of one month.

This action was taken in view of the decision of the C.P. Scheduled Castes Federation to stage a demonstration and offer Satyagraha in batches when the C.P. Assembly begins its autumn session on September 2.

NEW POLITICAL PARTY FOR BRITAIN

HATFIELD, Hertfordshire (England), August 31 (Reuter): A hint of a new British political party opposed to "Socialist and Communist Menace" which will be called "the New Democratic Party", was made here to-day in a speech by Mr. Harold Macmillan, Conservative members of Parliament and former Secretary for Air.

The new party, Mr. Macmillan said, would "seek to create in Britain not economic slavery in a Socialist State, but true economic and political freedom.

"Thus Great Britain herself, the centre and pivot of the British Commonwealth and the Empire, may once more point the way to true progress to the tortured world."

Commenting on Mr. Macmillan's proposal for a new party, an official of the British Conservative Party said that Mr. Winston Churchill, Conservative Leader and former Premier had suggested that the name of Conservative should be changed and that the matter will be discussed at the October Conference of the party.

Iraq Leftists Call On Govt. To Quit

BAGDAD, Sept. 1, (Reuter): Leaders of Iraq's three major left-wing political parties called for the resignation of the present Iraq Government today at a meeting attended by thousands of Left-wing supporters.

Police watched the meeting carefully but it ended quietly.

The speakers said that the present Government had not got the support of the nation.

MIRACLE MAN
with
UNRIVALLED POWER

Consult the world renowned India's Greatest Astrologer Palmist, Tantric Yogi Raj Jyotishi Jyotish Shiromani Pandit Ramesh Chandra Bhattacharyya Jyotisharnab M. R. A. S (London) of International Fame, President All India Astrological & Astronomical Society of 105, Grey Street, 'Basanta Nivas, Calcutta who has startled the present world swayed under the domination or sceptics and the so-called scientists by his supernatural powers in Palmistry and Astrology. His calculation of past, present and future of one's destiny is unprecedented and unrivalled in India. He is the only astrologer who first predicted the Allies victory in the present world war on 3rd September, 1939, within 4 hours the very day of the declaration of war which was duly communicated to and acknowledged by the Secretary of State for India, the Viceroy and the Governor of Bengal, and who is also the Consulting Astrologer of the Eighteen Ruling Chiefs of India. The Astrological prediction of this great scholar, his wonderful methods of redressing the pernicious influence of evil stars, his power to bring success in any complicated matters i.e. lawsuits, family troubles, trouble in works and also to cure incurable diseases by the help of Yoga and Tantric rites are really uncommon. Many Ruling Chiefs of India, High Court Judges, Advocate Generals, Commissioners of Divisions, Nawabs, Rajas, Zamindars and leaders of the country and many reputed personalities of the world of England, America, Australia, Africa, China, Japan, Malayal, Singapore, etc., have given many un-solicited testimonials of the Great Pandit's wonderful powers.

A few names of eminent persons of India and abroad who have tested his wonderful powers are given below.

HIS HIGHNESS the MAHARAJA of ATGAR, HER HIGHNESS the Dowagar SIXTH MAHARANI SAHEBA of Tripura State, HER HIGHNESS the MAHARANI SAHEBA of Cooch Behar, Hon'ble MAHARAJA Sir MANMATHA NATH ROY CHAUDHURY, Kt. of SANTOSH, Hon'ble RAJA P. D. RAIKOT, Minister, Govt. of Bengal, The Hon'ble Chief Justice Sir MANMATHA NATH MUKHERJEE, Kt. of Calcutta High Court, Hon. Justice Sir C. MADHAVAN NAIR, Kt. of Privy Council, Hon'ble Justice Mr. B. K. Roy of Patna High Court, Hon'ble Justice Mr. S. M. Das of Keonjhar State High Court, Orissa, Mr. J. A. Lawrence, Osaka, Japan, Mr. Andre Tempe, Illinois, America, Mrs. F. W. Gillespie, Detroit, Mich. America, Mr. K. RUCHPAUL, Shanghai, China, Mrs. SARALA DEVI, M.L.A., Orissa, Mrs. LALIKA DEVI, Dy. Leader National War Front, Orissa, Capt. B. P. BHANOT, C. O. Administrative Commandant, Mr. B. J. FERNANDO, PROCTOR & C. and Notary Public, Ceylon, Hon'ble Mr. P. N. ROY CHOUDHURY, Vice-Consul of Spain, Khan Bahadur K. M. HASSAN, C. I. E., Dy. General Manager, E. I. Ry., Mr. ISSAO MUMI ETIA, Govt. Interpretor, Deschange, West Africa, Mr. B. N. ROY CHAUDHURY, M. A. (Cantab), Barat-Law, Dy. Mayor, Corporation of Calcutta, Capt. P. C. SEN, M.B., I.M.S. Medical Recruiting Officer, Raipur, C.P. KUMAR C. SINHA RAI of Lusinghs, Patna State, Maharaj Kumar of Hindol etc. etc. have personal experience of his wonderful predictions and mysterious powers.

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It brings the desired persons man or woman under absolute control or subjection, through whom any object may be fulfilled. Price Rs. 11-8 Special and capable of giving immediate effect Rs. 34-2.

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IN GRATITUDE TO MY MOTHER MARY:

Clothed in a Robe of Pale, Pale Blue,
On Her Head a Veil of Lovely Hue,
A Beautiful Smile upon Her Lips,
Graces Flowing from Her Finger Tips,
Her Soul as Pure, Nay, Purer than Pearl,
The Blessed Virgin my Pin-Up Girl.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 1, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from June 1, 1946, and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on Sept. 1, 1946:—

Ahmedabad 85 75 T 25.7 plus 1.7, Ahmednagar 90 66 0 8.5 minus 3.4, Allahabad 86 79 0 83.4 plus 5.4, Bangalore 80 67 0.1 11.9 0, Baroda 87 75 0 38.3 nil, Benares 88 77 0.3 42.1 plus 13.4, BOMBAY 86 76 0.1 53.2 minus 4.0, Calcutta nil, Colombo 80 75 0.3 14.9 minus 2.3, Delhi 90 75 0 21.9 plus 4.5, Hyderabad (Dn) 90 74 0 14.7 minus 0.7, Indore 83 71 0.1 45.1 plus 19.8, Jaipur 87 72 0 28.4 plus 10.2, Jubbulpore 87 76 0 47.2 plus 3.4, Karachi 86 80 0 3.9 minus 1.5, Lahore 99 78 0 14.1 plus 2.3, Lucknow 91 80 0 23.0 minus 5.4, Madras 91 77 0.1 10.9 plus 0.7, Mahableshwar 65 61 1.0 273.3 plus 50.4, Mysore 82 67 0 10.5 plus 1.9, Nagpur 91 76 0 41.9 6.6, Patna nil, Peshawar 96 76 0 1.1 minus 2.5, Poona 81 70 T 17.6 plus 2.9, Quetta 89 55 0 2.3 minus 2.8, Rajkot nil, Shillong 78 66 0.4 nil, Sholapur 90 70 0 10.3 minus 2.9, Simla nil, Srinagar 90 62 0.1 4.5 minus 1.7, Surat 85 77 0.1 49.2 plus 15.5.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

A good word is an easy obligation, but not to speak ill requires only our silence, which costs us nothing.

—Tillotson.

The Bombay Chronicle

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT

Today will be formed what bids fair to be India's first National Government in modern times. Its usual name, Interim Government, does not bring out its essential or distinctive character of a fairly free and representative Government. Strictly speaking, it functions under the present constitution, which makes it only a body of advisers to the Viceroy. But in view of the controversies and inevitable delay in forming the new Government, all concerned have agreed to rely on the Viceroy's solemn public assurance that the Government will be given the utmost possible freedom in the day to day administration of the country. Else Congress would not be there. The uncertainties of a transitional stage are obvious but Congress can be trusted to vindicate the nation's freedom in all essential matters and thus make the Government a "de facto", though not a "de jure" free Government. It is equally obvious that the Government is not as representative as the Congress would wish it to be as the Muslim League is not yet in it. But the League has been offered due representation in the Government in a proportion which was accepted by it in June last. The offer still stands, as has been made clear by the Viceroy, and if it is not soon accepted by the League, the League alone will be responsible for the defective representation of the Muslims in the new Government.

It is in the interests of the League itself to join the Government at once. The advent of that Government decidedly marks the beginning of a new era in Indian history, the era of freedom from British imperialism, under the heels of which millions of Hindus and Muslims have suffered untold miseries for nearly two centuries. Innumerable patriots, Hindu and Muslim, and others have found martyrdom in their efforts to end their common subjection. For sixty years the Congress has led the freedom movement with the help of Hindus and Muslims alike, of Mr. Jinnah himself for several years. During the last few years, however, the League did little or nothing to help the movement. Nay, it hindered the movement by opposing the Congress. With the help of other bodies, however, Congress waged war against imperialism and has at long last fairly achieved national freedom. The honour of consolidating and maintaining it Congress would share with all who cherish freedom. The advent of India's freedom is hailed with enthusiasm by all the peoples of the world, including the masses in Britain. They are congratulating Congress on its victory and its decision to assume the responsibilities of administering the country as a whole just at a time when the country is suffering from numerous economic and other evils caused by the war and Britain's imperialist policy in India. India and the world expect the League to share the responsibility with the Congress and thereby help India not only to serve her own interests but also in playing a worthy part in the international conferences seeking to achieve world freedom and world peace. The League will cut a poor figure before the eyes of the world if it hinders the Congress in achieving these tasks.

It is deplorable that the day on which the first National Government is to be formed is called by the Secretary of the League as "a black day in India's history," an occasion for black-flag demonstrations. Even if the Government did not accord to the League the representation due to it, the day would be one for rejoicing as a day heralding the dawn of India's freedom. The party that ruled the country for generations past by dividing its people being now practically out of the field, it would be easy for the League to settle its dispute with the Congress far more easily But as a matter of fact the Government has studiously kept the door open for the League to enter on terms practically the same as those the League accepted in June last. The Viceroy and the Congress have since given the League all the main assurances it asked for. Details can be easily settled at personal interviews if the offer as a whole is accepted by the League. In the circumstances it is far easier for the League to serve its interests by co-operation than non-co-operation. We still hope the League will appreciate the wisdom of accepting the offer made by the Viceroy and the Congress.

Frankly Speaking

Sensational "Departure"

A stir has been caused in Paris Peace Conference circles by the sudden and unanticipated departure of M. Molotov for Moscow. All sorts of anxious speculations are being indulged in and rightly so. It is, perhaps, the first time that the Soviet representative has suddenly left in the middle of an International Conference for Moscow even if only for consultation. Disagreements between the Soviet Union and the other Big Two have moved to such a pitch that it is natural to fear grave developments. For the present attention is concentrated on Greece where the situation may well lead to an international crisis. This is obvious when viewed against the background of Russian reactions to happenings in Greece and Russian views on the problem of the restoration of the Greek Monarchy. This Monarchy is bound to be restored as a result of the so-called "plebiscite" that was held yesterday.

British Policy To Blame

Now, it is true that the Soviet Union is closely interested in Greece for "strategical" and "power politics" reasons. It may also be true, as Reuter reports Washington circles to think, that all the Soviet moves past and particularly, present, have been designed to make Greece the "spearhead" of Russia's "drive to the Dardanelles" and that the international issue at stake in the imminent crisis is the control of the Dardanelles. The Soviet designs on the Dardanelles are as well known as they are utterly unjustifiable and aggressive. But this does not conceal the fact that the present situation in Greece is the result of British policy which worked in such a fashion as to help the Right. The Right used its opportunity and went so far as to make the restoration of the Monarchy possible. There may be two opinions as to whether the E.A.M. or the rival republican groups represent the people of Greece. But it is undeniable that Greece did not want King George back. Whatever the original reasons it is last Sunday's "plebiscite" which is the direct spring source of the present crisis.

A League Leader's Proposal

Whatever type of emotion may have moved Mr. Yusuf Abdullah Haroon, the Karachi League leader and M.L.A. (Central), we wish he had considered carefully the implications of the resolution which he proposes to put before the Sind Provincial Muslim League. He thought probably that he was smartly striking a couple of international blows at the Congress. And he has succeeded in striking them at his own Muslim League. We have no objection to the main part of his resolution which recommends that the All-India Muslim League should immediately send a powerful delegation to Russia "to place the cause of Indian Musalmans and secure her support to the cause of Indian Muslims before the U.N.O." International contacts will do the Muslim League nothing but good and help it to revise its perspective and its conception of Pakistan. Secondly, any move by the League to take the case to UNO or even to consent to its being taken there will be only too heartily welcomed by all. Congress has made offer after offer of international arbitration by the International Court, by UNO or by any other body. It is Mr. Jinnah who has consistently refused it. Congress will accept Mr. Haroon's proposal but—will Mr. Jinnah do so?

Amazing Betrayal Of Arabs

But what has amazed us is the latter part of the resolution in which Mr. Yusuf Haroon says something which can only be described as an invitation by the gentleman to the Muslim League to commit a fratricidal betrayal of the Arabs. "Just as", Mr. Haroon's resolution argues, "the Jews are ably fighting for their homelands with the active support of the United States of America, this Council feels certain that, by approaching the Russian people etc., etc." The Jews are ably fighting for "their homelands"! "Their homelands"! These are the words of Mr. Yusuf Haroon. The Jews are fighting "ably" or otherwise with the active support of the United States for Palestine which is Arab but which Mr. Yusuf Haroon graciously awards to the Jews as their "homelands." They are fighting with U. S. support for something against which the Muslim League and Mr. Jinnah themselves have very rightly issued serious warnings to the United States and the British Government. Mr. Yusuf Haroon in his eagerness to spite the British Government for its attitude regarding India and to spite "the Congress Hindus" has actually proceeded to cut not only Indian Muslims' nose but also the throat itself of the Arabs of Palestine. His complete and outrageous disregard of the Muslim League's proclaimed and sacred obligations must amaze Mr. Jinnah, too. And we hope the Muslim League leader sharply corrects Mr. Haroon lest his words cause immense mischief by being utilised for propaganda purposes by the Zionists.

Wanted An Enquiry

The Congress Working Committee's resolution on the Calcutta riots confirms some of the worst reports not only about its horrors but also about the incompetence of the authorities in dealing with the situation. The Committee had no alternative but to demand "a thorough enquiry by an impartial tribunal which can command the confidence of the public." In making this demand the Committee has only voiced the universal feeling in the country. That is at least one good reason why the Bengal Premier has promptly enough agreed to appoint a full Commission of inquiry "composed of persons of undoubted independence and judgment." Meanwhile, however, every possible effort must be made to promote communal goodwill. And we trust the Government of Bengal will itself take the lead in this matter.

The End Of An Epoch

BY DR. SYUD HOSSAIN

To-day marks the end of an epoch. In the perspective of history, September 2nd, 1946, will stand out as one of the most memorable dates in the chequered chronicles of India. It will not have for us the same dramatic finality of achievement that the fourth of July has for Americans, but nevertheless in its psychological and spiritual import, as well as in its political effect, the significance of the event parallels the American equivalent. There is, of course, sharp contrast between the techniques as well as the antecedent circumstances which pertain to attainment of independence, respectively, by the United States and India. This difference necessarily colours the event without, however, lessening its essential epoch-making character.

Transfer Of Power

The essence of the matter is that the British have agreed in principle to surrender sovereignty, and the power and authority of the State are to-day in fact being transferred to Indian representatives. Legalists and verbalists of various kinds, by the law of their being, must and, no doubt, will quibble over the more or less of things, over this technical detail or that. In doing so, as usual, they will be overlooking the wood for the trees. What is happening to-day is the passing of the British Empire in India! Some of the trappings and symbols of that Empire remain, and may continue to be in evidence for sometime, but the soul of it has departed. The incubus of alien authority has been lifted from the bowed head and prostrate body of India. From to-morrow India can, and must, begin to exercise her faculties of initiative and intelligence, of construction and decision—faculties which had become all but atrophied during the long generations of servitude and calculated emasculation.

The British may have conquered India by the sword, but they have ruled it by a powerful and complicated technique of denaturing the very soul of the nation. By a slow and subtle process Indians, from their very birth, were indoctrinated with a sense of their congenital inferiority and eternal impotence. As again t that there were a thousand resplendent reminders of the impregnable power, the almost super-human superiority of the British. Gradually, the Indians came to believe that theirs was a pre-destined and irredeemable bondage—and resigned themselves to their fate.

A Memorable Date

Not entirely, however, and "not until after 1857". That is a memorable date in more ways than one, and should not be permitted to recede from its primacy in the history of India's long-drawn-out War of Independence. The "Ghadar" was the last great organised and militant attempt of the Indian people—Hindus and Muslims—to throw off an alien yoke which had fastened itself upon them, and was beginning to crush their soul and sap their basic vitality. The uprising failed, by reason of internal treachery rather than British bravery, and the British proceeded to consolidate their conquest. This process necessitated the initial step of exterminating the elite of Indian leadership, and the bulk of the intelligentsia. Referring to the suppression of the "Mutiny", Sir George Otto Trevelyan, the British historian, says: "The British soldiers in India had killed more of the Indian people in a single year than the missionaries had converted in a century." To be more specific, according to the "London Spectator": "We took at least one hundred thousand Indian lives in the Mutiny." It has further been computed that at least 75 per cent of them were Muslim lives. In the total reckoning of India's struggle for deliverance from the British, that fact should not be overlooked. It should be balanced against the comparative inaction of Muslims, under a misguided leadership, in the most recent phase of the national struggle against the British.

1885 And After

After 1857, came 1885—marking the renewal of the old struggle, inevitably constitutional now under the iron aegis of the new regime. The sequel to 1885 is 1946. W. C. Bonnerjee should be remembered to-day bracketed with Jawaharlal Nehru. Nor, indeed, can any of the names of the leaders which are like so many shining landmarks along the sixty years' path trodden by the Congress, be forgotten. Not only the leaders but some of the dates are also landmarks and equally unforgettable: 1907, 1919, 1921, 1930, 1932, 1940, 1942 and now 1946.

Along with the "Ghadaris" of 1857, and the Constitutionalists and Non-Co-operators of the later decades, we should also remember the Revolutionaries of the past and the present. We should give our homage to the leaders—but not less to their followers: the innumerable host of humble, patient, loyal, long-suffering men and women who gave their all to and for India, and sought nothing for themselves in return.

Yes, to-day marks the end of an epoch. Let it also be the beginning of Indian national regeneration, politically, economically, socially and spiritually. The key to such regeneration must be unity. We must somehow undo the grievous mischief of disunity which the British policy of divide and rule has driven like a dagger into our vitals. Lord Elphinstone said, in 1859: "Divide et impera" is the old Roman motto, and it should be ours." The second Viceroy of India, Lord Elgin, left on record this piece of advice for his successors: "Keep the Hindus and Muslims divided."

It is no wonder that exposed to such a policy for two generations—with all its intensive indoctrination and external manipulation—the Indian people to-day are where they are.

But must we go on being divided?

American Thought & Opinion

By D. F. KARAKA

As interest in America grows in this country, we begin to look more deeply into American thought and opinion, not as it is presented to us by its propaganda machines such as the U. S. Offices of Information, but rather from the written word which has appeared in America itself and which does not often reach this country.

In the recent bunch of newspapers to arrive by the last mail, there are two articles which appeared in the "New York Times" (Magazine section), written as recently as June 30th and July 7th. Both these articles are written by Hodding Carter, Editor of the Delta Democrat-Times of Greenville, Mississippi, a typical reactionary State of the "Deep South". Hodding Carter, different from the stubborn, obstinate, bigoted, prejudice-ridden copper-heads of the South, belongs to that growing minority which is committed to a new way of thought and action. While the South regards him necessarily as a heretic, America has acknowledged the abilities of Hodding Carter in that he won the Pulitzer Prize for the best editorials in 1946.

Carter writes both his articles from Greenville, Mississippi, which is the home-ground of the racial struggle. His first article deals with THE MAN FROM MISSISSIPPI, Senator Bilbo, who recently made his plea for another term in office and who made it successfully. Carter gives us an insight into Bilbo's campaign and the things this Senator, who may be called the premier Negro-baiter of America, said to his applauding electorate. "Most of this audience are substantial-looking people, decently dressed, having a certain open-air resemblance to one another."

ANTI-NEGRO SENATOR

The Senator is answering those critics who said that he exhibits racial and religious biases.

The Senator says, "Up there in Washington a girl reporter asked me how I stood on the Jews. I told her I stood good on the Jews. I am for every damn Jew from Jesus Christ on down." (Carter comments that this was a political blunder and the Senator has since denied that he said it.)

The important thing was that the American crowd roared.

"There's a lot of soft-minded people running round preaching brotherhood." The Senator makes it plain that he is for brotherhood, too. "Lots of good religious folk say that Christians should treat the nigger as a brother." His voice becomes menacing. Carter reports, after which the Senator goes on, "I don't mind having the nigger for my brother in Christ but I'm damned if I want him for a son-in-law."

The Senator says much which would be difficult to reproduce here in cold blood as having been said by a man who belongs to the Senate of the United States, that venerable body of elder American statesmen. "I am the best friend the nigger's got in the State of Mississippi," he groans. "I am trying to do something for 'em. I want to send 'em back to Africa where they belong."

He goes on, "Some niggers came to see me one time in Washington, to try to get the right to vote there. The leader was a smart nigger. Of course, he was half white. I told him that the nigger would never vote in Washington. Hell, if we give 'em the right to vote up there, half the niggers in the South would move into Washington and we'd have a black Government. No Southerner could sit in Congress under those conditions."

Bilbo then confides to his audience that he understands that the Negro is going to try to vote in Mississippi this summer. Apparently, according to the State Constitution, it was fixed that any man who wants to vote has got to interpret the State Constitution. Says Senator Bilbo, "There's damn few white men and no niggers at all who can do that."

Nevertheless the Negro is likely to try and register his right to vote anyhow. The Senator suggests that there are remedies for that.

"They say", says the Senator, "that they can bring court action against any Registrar of Voters. How many registrars, you think, can get convicted here in the State of Mississippi for refusing to register a nigger?" Carter reports that the audience answered him by yelling, "None."

Bilbo lowers his voice. He says, "But you know, and I know what is the best way to keep the nigger from voting: You do it the night before election." His voice is low. He continues, "I don't have to tell you any more than that. "Red-blooded men know what I mean." (Italics are mine).

We, in India, never knew of this campaign. We only got the slug news that the South had re-elected its Senator Bilbo.

SOUTH IS CHANGING

But Hodding Carter is not so pessimistic, as we are, of the decay and the lack of progress in American thought and opinion. In his second article, when, as a Southerner, he looks at the South, he sees in it signs of ferment—plenty of them. "Slowly, in part unrecognizably, the South is changing. The roaring of the Bilbos and the Rankins and the Talmadges may divert attention from the ferment, and all of the fermentation may not be good. But it is there. No longer is the South an unchanging stereotype."

"What is this ferment? It is Ellis Arnall of Georgia, asserting an aroused South. It is a Mississippi Baptist minister, rising in a convention of Southern Baptists to gain passage of a resolution denouncing the Ku Klux Klan and restating the truth that Christianity must not pit man against brother man because of race. It is the accelerating influx of industry to the South, so that unwise agriculture may be aided by factory payrolls....

"....It is the Negro migration, voluntary now and imminently inevitable, from those widening areas where the machine is replacing the man and the mule. It is the returning veteran, aware of wider horizons.

"It is enlightened self-interest of planter and industrialist and merchant. It is a more intelligently militant Southern Negro. It is a Mississippi legislator seeking better educational facilities for white and Negro alike; an Alabama county providing hospital facilities for its Negro citizens. It is organized labour voting an unknown into a Guberhatorial second primary."

But what is changing is still only in a minority. Carter believes, with the faith of a progressive American, that this minority will grow in offensive strength. We, in this country, cannot judge except from results, and time alone can reveal these.

NO GOVT. WAS EVER OFFERED GRANDER OPPORTUNITY FOR TRUE LIBERALISM

"Observer" Voices Britain's Goodwill To Nehru & His Colleagues

LONDON, Sept. 1 (Reuter): No Government was "ever offered a grander opportunity for true liberalism and conciliation" than the Government composed entirely of Indians which takes office in India tomorrow, declares the 'Observer' in its chief editorial today.

The paper declares: "For good or ill this is one of the great events of history. It brings very near the achievement of India's independence forecast by Macaulay and steadily pursued by the British Government for nearly three decades.

Whatever views may be held as to the surrender of British rule which has brought such immense benefits of justice, security and social tranquillity to the many races of India's people, this country will unite in heartfelt good wishes to Pandit Nehru's Government.

NO GREATER DIFFICULTIES

At no time was India faced with greater difficulties than now—a deep-seated labour unrest, the problem of putting to work again two million soldiers who fought in the war, the growth of Communist agitation, famine and serious questions abroad.

Never was there a greater need of united efforts in the common cause by India's political leaders, but for that, unhappily, omens are not too favourable.

The fact cannot be disguised that for all practical purposes the Government is a purely Congress organisation in which a few members of the minority people count for very little.

Three Muslims in Pandit Nehru's list are in no sense representative of the Muslim nation: two of them are conspicuously anathema to the Muslim League: and it is clear that Pandit Nehru has had extreme difficulty in persuading any other Muslims to accept the two places that still have to be filled.

MR. JINNAH'S CASE

Whatever criticisms may be passed upon Mr. Jinnah, it is hard not to feel that he had some justification in Pandit Nehru's many speeches since the British Ministers left India.

Pandit Nehru's insistence that the Congress is pledged only to enter the Constituent Assembly and nothing more: that the Assembly will be a Sovereign body in which inferentially the Congress will be able to override all oppositions: his unmitigated rejection of communal grouping which for the Muslims is 'sine quo non' of the British Ministers' long term plan of May 16: and on top of all else, Pandit Nehru's declaration that the Viceroy must not only act as a constitutional leader and that if he attempted to use his veto 'it would lead to trouble' and 'have grave consequences'—all these indicate the state of mind of the Congress President which must arouse fears of 90 million Muslims who have come to look on Pakistan as their only hope of deliverance from the economic thraldom to the Hindu capitalists and merchants.

BRIDGE MUST BE FOUND

Against these grim reminders of the chasm that yawns between the Hindu and the Muslim there are men on both sides who realised that a bridge must be found if India is to be saved from strife of which the recent appalling riots in Calcutta were but the foretaste.

In the Interim Government, names of such men as Dr. Prasad and Mr. Rajagopalachari can inspire confidence both in Indians and the British; and in the ranks of both the Congress and the Muslim League are many sincere and influential men who will second their efforts for peace.

NEED FOR MANIFESTO

Nothing certainly could be fairer than a manifesto pledging fundamental rights of every Indian which the Congress issued for the Provincial elections last January.

But something more than words will be needed to reassure the Muslims in their present bitter and distrustful state of mind and not only Muslims but the Depressed Classes also are fearful of losing under Hindu rule all that they have gained under the British.

No deeper wish can accompany the message of goodwill which Great Britain sends to Pandit Nehru and his friends that they may prove, as they have so often claimed to be, the Government of All India for All Indians.

EGYPT AWAITS FREE INDIA'S FIRST AMBASSADOR

World-Wide Reception To Jawahar & Colleagues

CAIRO, Sept. 1 (Reuter): Mr. Siddiqui, Secretary, Indian Union, C/o Arab League, Cairo in a telegram to Pandit Nehru, says:

"Indians in Egypt welcome you as first Premier and your colleagues. Pray success Interim Government. Anxiously waiting arrival of Indian Ambassador here. Request notification independence celebrations date here.'

From Roshanial, Secretary, Indo-Egyptian Union, Cairo: "His eminence said El Bakri, President, Indo-Egyptian Union, directs me on behalf of Union members to convey congratulations on achievement of Indian independence and sincerely prays for success in uniting various sections and making India a great nation."

From Indians in Burma: "Six lakhs of Jai Hinds from six lakhs of Indians in Burma on eve of your shouldering responsibility to mould the destiny of India."

BOMBAY: Mr. K. M. Munshi, in a statement on the inauguration of the Interim Government at the Centre says:

"The nightmare which descended upon us in 1857 has been lifted."

Lala Gurusharan Lall, President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry; Mr. Akbar Gujadhar of Mauritius; the Tanganyika Indian National Association, Daressalaam; the Zindoo Society of South Rhodesia; the South African Hindu Mahasabha, Durban; Dr. K. K. Dadachandji, Chairman of the Young Men's Parsee Association; have sent felicitations to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and his colleagues on their assumption of office as members of the first provisional National Government.

BOMBAY PLANNER'S SUPPORT

"Today's the day of rejoicing", says Mr. G. D. Birla in an interview to the A.P.I. "After a hard struggle lasting over a period of nearly 60 years, involving immense sacrifices, we have reached at last the outer portals of independence. God willing, the country will succeed in enthroning itself in the inner struggle of the Free India in a short period.

"It is deplorable that the Muslim League at this juncture should have refused to give a helping hand in the task. Let us hope, however, that they will review their position soon and realise that this is the time for every soul in the country to make his or her utmost contribution towards the building up of a new India.

"The Indian mercantile community may take legitimate pride in feeling that in its own humble way it stood solidly behind the national struggle throughout its history.

"We stand for increased prosperity with its equitable distribution. The National Government may count on our fullest co-operation to that end."

"As one of the authors of the Bombay Plan I fully subscribed to the view that only a National Government could plan for a prosperous, healthy and educated India. The country will expect the new Government to solve the immense problems that face us and require urgent solution.

WE WON'T ABDICATE POWER IN OUR HANDS, SAYS GOPALASWAMY

MADRAS, Sept. 1 (A.P.I.): Sir N. Gopalaswamy Iyengar, member of the Congress Experts Committee, characterised the formation of the Interim Government as a much more important event in the recent history of India than the setting up of the Constituent Assembly and declared: "We should under no circumstances abdicate the power that will be in our hands from tomorrow. On the other hand we ought to retain that power and take all measures that might become necessary for the retention, consolidation and completion of that power."

Sir Gopalaswamy Iyengar was presiding over a meeting of the Indian Council of World Affairs here last evening addressed by Dr. K. S. Shelvanker on the "Foreign Policy of India."

FREEDOM TO MAKE TREATIES

"The Indo-British Treaty which the statement of the Cabinet Mission envisages", said Sir Gopalaswamy does no preclude India from entering into similar treaties with other powers. An exclusive treaty with Britain is undesirable. Further if the treaty in any way tries to limit the extent of the independence of our nation then India will know what to do."

He said that India was entering a new period when for the first time the portfolio of External Affairs was being entrusted to a "Indian national." Even with all the shortcomings of the Act of 1919 he still felt that the power now transferred to India could be used to shape their foreign policy in the real interests of India. Personally, Sir Gopalaswamy said: "I don't regard the Viceroy's veto as a great obstacle."

Dealing with the question whether India should remain in the British comity of nations, he said: "People in this country are out for independence and I, for one, would not hesitate to snap any chord connecting us with Britain if these were found to compromise the real freedom which everyone wanted."

TETE-A-TETE

GANDHIJI'S COMMENT—

NEW YORK, August 31: A correspondent of the "New York Times", quoting information obtained "from official United States sources", says that Russia has approximately 5,000,000 men under arms, over 2,000,000 of them are deployed outside the borders of Russia.

* * *

We are glad Mr Winston Churchill is on such a hermetically sealed holiday that no communication can be forwarded to him.

We hope no newspapers reach him and he is no allowed any contact with the outside world even through the radio. You see today is September 2 on which a "soul searing" event is scheduled to take place and you can imagine what terrible experience his scared soul would have to undergo if he read or heard about it.

* * *

By the way apropos of a recent report, everybody is all wrong fundamentally about the British Opposition leader.

Mr. Churchill who has loved India for 50 years and is determined to devote the rest of his life too, to that love would have neither "Quit India" nor "Do or die and Quit."

* * *

In the course of a typical statement on the Calcutta riots, Mr. Lahiri, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, says: "This naked fury is both a lesson and a warning....."

It is it is, brother. For all.

* * *

Mr. Yusuf Abdullah Haroon, M.L.A. (Central) and a prominent Leaguer, is to move the Sind Provincial Muslim League to recommend the appointment of a "powerful delegation by the All-India Muslim League to proceed immediately to Russia to place the cause of Indian Mussalmans and secure her support to the cause of Indian Muslims before UNO."

We most heartily support Mr. Yusuf Haroon's resolution and earnestly hope he will push it through to the final goal without suddenly dropping at some intermediate stage.

* * *

But in the same resolution Mr Yusuf Haroon says and evidently wants the League to agree that "just as the Jews are ably fighting for their homelands with the active support of the U. S....."

Good heavens, what's that.

* * *

According to a "Statesman" report, "political circles in Calcutta feel that there should be a coalition Ministry in Bengal."

But there is a vast gulf fixing should from shall.

* * *

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru announces that he has invited Shri Jaya Prakash Narayan to become a member of the Working Committee and though he has accepted it

Well caught.

* * *

M. Molotov has suddenly left Paris for Moscow to the complete surprise of delegates who had no hint of it.

Now let us speculate intelligently: (1) Russian Armies have started marching into Greece China etc.

(2) The Soviet Union has found the Atom Bomb and is about to declare war on the whole world or

(3) Generalissimo Stalin has died either (a) of heart-failure or (b) at the hands of an assassin and M. Molotov has rushed to fight the leadership out with other rivals. A civil war is imminent if it hasn't started already.

That perhaps will do for the present. If, however, you have any further probabilities to suggest you may do so. But nothing less sensational will be accepted.

THIRD SESSION OF ECONOMIC COUNCIL

Bajpai To Represent India

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1 (A.P.I.): As the third session of the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations, which is expected to open in New York on Sept. 11, India will be represented by Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai, Agent-General for India in the United States of America, since Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, President of the Council, will unfortunately not be able to attend the session, says a press note.

Mr. S. K. Kirpalani, Indian Trade Commissioner in New York, has been nominated alternate representative and senior adviser, and Prof. K. B. Adarkar, second adviser. Mr. S. Sen, Officer in charge of the Indian Liaison Office at UNO headquarters will act as Secretary to the delegation.

India Govt. Open Liaison Office At U.N.O. H.Q.

NEW DELHI Sept 1 (A.P.I.). The Government of India have now opened a liaison office in charge of Mr. S. Sen, Indian Political Service at the headquarters of the United Nations Organisation in New York, says a press note.

Greeks Decide On Monarchy As Allied Fleet Keep Guard

Two Killed In Royalist-Communist Clash

ATHENS, Sept. 1, (Reuter): The Athens police report that a member of "X" (Royalist) organisation was killed and another seriously injured when Communists threw a hand-grenade at them in the street of the workers' suburbs of Kaisariani today.

This was the first incident so far reported in the city as the Greek people went to the poll to record their votes in today's referendum on the question of the return of King George of the Hellenes to Greece.

Three hours later a leading local Communist was murdered in his own house.

During the civil war, in Athens in December, 1944, Kaisariani was a Communist stronghold and became known as the "Stalingrad" of Greece.

According to official information the voting has been carried out peacefully and in complete freedom throughout Greece except for some isolated incidents. In one area the gendarmerie had to disperse 40 bandits who tried to raid a polling station.

The British destroyer "Chaplet" left Salonika 36 hours after her arrival at the request of a representative of the Allied Mission observing the Greek elections to put an end to speculation and to avoid a false interpretation of the destroyer's visit.

U. S. FLEET ON "COURTESY VISIT"

The "Associated Press of America adds: The imminent departure of the Russian Ambassador as an expression of the Kremlin's grave displeasure with the Greek Government and its politics is a menacing aspect of the pressure the Soviet Block is now exerting.

British troops stand on guard in Greece. An American fleet is 'en route' to Greek waters for a "courtesy visit."

GREEK OFFICIALS WELCOME U. S. AIRCRAFT-CARRIER

Reuter adds: Greek official circles today expressed gratification at the views of well-informed Washington observers that Greece is top-priority in America's new foreign policy.

That is the meaning of the decision made at the instigation of the State Department to send a United States task force headed by the giant aircraft-carrier, Franklin D Roosevelt, to Greek waters to back up British forces in Greece", these observers said.

At the same time, Greek circles described as "unwarranted" the fears expressed in official circles in Washington of an insurrection against the Greek Government by "Communist bands", supported by Yugoslav and Albanian "volunteers".

City Disturbances Quickly Brought Under Control

(Continued from page 1)

Police, Bombay, has issued an order under Section 144, Cr. P.C., directing the residents, frequenters and visitors of the following places and areas in the Bombay City,

the places and areas bounded by Carnac Road (exclusive), First Marine Street, (exclusive) Queen's Road (exclusive), New Queen's Road (exclusive), Lamington Road (exclusive), Arthur Road (exclusive) Jacob Circle, Clark Road (exclusive) Victoria Gardens Road (exclusive), Babula Tank Road and the railway line and thence south along the G. I. P. Railway line to Carnac Bridge,

to abstain for a period of seven days from the date hereof from riding, driving, walking, standing, loitering, remaining in or on or otherwise using any road bylane, situate within the limits of the aforesaid places or areas between the hours of 7 p. m. and 6-30 a. m.

S. K. PATIL'S APPEAL TO PRESERVE PEACE

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, has appealed to the citizens of Bombay to keep peace in the city.

"Once again the peace and normal life of city has been rudely disturbed by communal passion. What should have been a day of national rejoicing because of the transfer of power to the nation's accredited representatives has, at any rate for this city, become a day of anxiety and mourning because many innocent lives have been lost. Hospitals are getting packed with the dead and the wounded. Depressing as the situation is, I have earnestly to appeal to the citizens of Bombay in the name of the Congress to keep cool and meet the situation with courage and foresight. The police are doing their best to bring the situation under control. It is the duty of every citizen in this situation to co-operate with the police and help them in the maintenance of peace and order.

"In particular I have to humbly appeal to our citizens to make special efforts in their localities to give the fullest protection to the members of other communities who may find themselves in difficulty. This may raise the morale of the city and we may be able to scotch the mischief before it gets too far.

The following instructions should be obeyed implicitly and in a disciplined manner..

1. Follow police instructions implicitly and without question.
2. Do not crowd in any place.
3. Keep to your places as far as possible.
4. Do not believe panicky rumours and for God's sake do not spread them yourself.
5. Help police and co-operate with them in every possible way.
6. Maintain presence of mind and shed fear.
7. Organise locality and chawl only for self-defence.
8. Let mischief be localised and don't let it spread to other localities.

CONGRESS AID TO INJURED

Instructions for Congress peace patrols to co-operate with the police in their task and to help the staff in hospitals in securing aid to the wounded and distressed have been issued by the General Secretary of the Congress Peace Patrols in Bombay.

He has asked the peace patrols to open centres in the city to render help to persons in danger zones and secure aid to the injured.

ARYA SAMAJ RESCUE WORK

The Arya Samaj, Bombay, has started relief work to rescue and remove families from the distressed areas to the safer areas the Arya motor ambulance is running throughout the city to remove those injured to hospitals.

P. C. JOSHI'S APPEAL

Mr. P. C. Joshi, General Secretary of the communist party of India, has tonight issued an appeal to the people of Bombay to keep peace.

"It is a black day for Bombay. Stray stabbing have begun and tension is increasing. Bombay must not become another Calcutta on any account.

"The Communist Party appeals to all Bombay citizens to keep their heads cool and high and in no case yield to provocation however great.

"We appeal to all political parties and above all to local Congress and Muslim League leaders to send joint peace squads themselves to ally panic among people and appeal for brotherly peace at all costs."

TROOPS FROM SINGAPORE FLOWN TO CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1, (A. P. A.): British troops in Calcutta have been strengthened by reinforcements airborne from as far as Singapore.

Calcutta's Police Commissioner has shortened the seven-hour curfew (from 9 p.m. to 4 a.m.) existing since August 17. The new curfew effective from this evening is from 10-30 p.m. to 4 a.m.

Looted property worth over a million rupees has been recovered by the police.

Half of Calcutta's 20,000 sweepers are still absent or have fled the city.

Calcutta's colleges and schools are not to resume before the puja holidays starting on September 24. A conference of principals and the University Syndicate on Saturday decided to open them on October 14.

Boy Injured In Explosion

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1, (U. P. I.): An explosion, the cause of which is not known, occurred near the Howrah Jail, resulting in a boy being seriously injured.

SPENS FOR CHAIRMANSHIP OF CALCUTTA INQUIRY?

NEW DELHI, September 1 (UPI).—The United Press of India gathers from reliable official sources that Sir Patrick Spens, Chief Justice, Federal Court of India, has been sounded by the Viceroy for presiding over the Commission of Enquiry proposed to be set up very soon to investigate causes of the recent Calcutta riots.

ILLUMINATIONS IN ALLAHABAD

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 1. (U.P.I.):—There will be illumination in the city tomorrow (September 2) on the occasion of the assumption of office by the newly-formed Interim Government of India.

The City Congress Committee also issued instructions that September 2 will be celebrated and has called upon citizens to hois the National Flag on their houses and to illuminate them in the evening.

HOW MADRAS WILL CELEBRATE IT

MADRAS, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): The assumption of office by the Congress a, the Central Government will be celebrated by Congress Organisations in Madras City tomorrow.

The Secretary of the District Congress Committee calls upon all Circle and Divisional Congress Committees to celebrate the day in a suitable manner.

A public meeting will be held at Gokhale Hall tomorrow evening when the nature and scope of the Interim Government will be explained by local Congress leaders.

IN AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, Sep., 1. (A.P.I.):—Black flags have been hoisted in Muslim localities and Congress flags in Hindu localities all over the city. Elaborate precautions have been taken by the police and troops are moving in lorries.

PEACE COMMITTEE FOR SURAT

SURAT, Sep., 1. (A.P.I.): A Peace committee which includes the President of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee and the City Muslim League President was formed here to help maintain harmonious relations among various communities.

POLICE SEARCH IN AKOLA

AKOLA, Sept. 1. (A.P.I.): The district office of the Communist Party and the houses of some Communis. labur workers were searched by the police. It is understood that nothing incriminating was found.

NO CAUSE FOR ANY JUBILATION

PATNA, September 1 (UPI).—Prof. Abdul Bari, President of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee, has issued the following: "I understand that a rumour is afloat that the Congress is going to celebrate the advent of Interim Government by taking out processions and holding meetings throughout the Province. As the President of the Bihar P. C. C., I declare that no directions have been issued by the Congress to celebrate the assumption of office at the Centre."

Continuing Prof. Bari says: "We have undertaken to constitute the Interim Government as we feel it to be helpful in solving political and economic problems facing the country. I advise subordinate Congress organisations to take special care that nothing is done on the day of the assumption of office by the Congress that may annoy any party or group in the country. There is no cause for any jubilation over the form of Government which we are going to accept. It should not lead to any compliancy on the part of Congressmen. There is still every need to be active and vigilant and remain prepared for sacrifices in the national cause."

"Executive Councillors" Dropped: Fresh Light On New Govt.'s Status

(Continued from page 1)

among themselves on the allotment of the subjects and that the Viceroy approved the arrangement. It is gathered that an important last-minute change was made in the allotments before Pandit Nehru took the list to the Viceroy. It appears that a message came from Madras today indicating that Mr. Rajagopalachariar would prefer to have a subject other than Finance, which had been tentatively placed in his charge. Finance was, therefore, transferred to Dr. John Mathai and Industries and Supplies went to Mr. Rajagopalachariar.

Unconfirmed reports that hostile demonstrations and counter demonstrations were planned for tomorrow spread some uneasiness. But the authorities were vigilant, and the reports did nothing to disturb the buoyant, confident but wary spirit of enterprise with which the members-designate went ahead with their preparation for tomorrows great undertaking. They went through their normal round of duties, received callers and acquainted themselves with broad aspects of their future work.

It is believed that when the two remaining members of the Government are selected, one of them may be given charge of Posts and Air and the other either Information and Broadcasting or the portfolio of Planning and Development, which may be revived.

NEHRU-VICEROY MEETING

The Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, met the Viceroy at 8 p. m. today.

BASIC EDUCATION IN C. P.

NAGPUR, Sept. 1 (UPI).—The Government of C.P. have decided to introduce basic education in the Province at an early date and for this purpose will select one good Indian middle school in each 'tahsil' and take it over under Government management during 1946.

The programme for retraining of teachers in basic education has been drawn up and the selection of schools, the posting of suitable teachers and equipping schools with craft materials will commence in the current year.

Eighty-two schools will come under the Scheme throughout the Province, involving an expenditure of Rs. 1,80,400 for the current financial year.

Last Fr. Troops Quit Lebanon

PARIS, August 31 (Reuter).—In accordance with the France-Lebanese agreement of March this year, providing for complete evacuation by August 31, the last French troops have left the Lebanese "Le Monde" reported tonight.

U. S. Peace Proposals To Russia

Commission Of American Businessmen To Visit Soviet?

WASHINGTON, September 1 (APA)—U. S. Wartime Production Chief Donald Nelson in a personal plea to Stalin for peace urged "a more complete expression of policies and objectives."

Recalling a conversation with Stalin in Moscow, Nelson wrote. "I think we shared the conviction that nothing could be more catastrophic than a conflict between the only two great Powers which have never fought each other."

Asserting that Americans do not understand the aims of Soviet policy, he suggested that misunderstandings could be eliminated by greater frankness on both sides.

He proposed that a Commission of American businessmen should visit Russia to study Soviet needs and discuss with Russian agents methods of payment, by barter if necessary, and to develop trade.

'U. S. AIDING AND ABETTING BRITAIN'

"Helping Her To Establish New Zones Of Influence"

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31 (Reuter): Representative Adolf J. Sabath, veteran Chairman of the United States House of Representatives Rules Committee, suggested in a sharp letter today to Mr. Dean Acheson, Acting United States Secretary of State, that "Anglophile officials in the State Department are supporting British foreign policy to the detriment of our international relations."

His letter said: "We are being committed more and more to a policy of aiding and abetting Britain in securing and sustaining her vast colonial empire and even of helping her to establish new zones of influence."

SWEDEN REJECTS U. S. PROTEST

STOCKHOLM, September 1 (APA)—Sweden in effect rejected last night the United States protest against her proposed five-year trade pact with Russia.

The Foreign Office announced that a delegation could leave for Moscow on September 4 to resume negotiations and Trade Minister Gunnar Myrdal said Sweden would reserve for herself "the full right" to judge the advisability of Swedish Trade Agreements.

JAWAHAR THANKS WELL-WISHERS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1 (A.P.I.): On the eve of taking office, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru says:

"During the last few days I have received a thousand telegrams of greetings and good wishes on the formation of the Provisional Government. They have come from old friends and comrades and from many whom I do not know. They have come not only from every corner of India but also from various countries of Asia and Europe and America and Africa. They have come from Indians scattered all over the world, often in distant lands, very far from the motherland and yet joined to her by invisible bonds that cannot break. They have come from foreign comrades and friends who look upon India's freedom as a mighty step towards Asia's freedom and world peace.

"I am deeply grateful for all these good wishes and I am sorry I cannot acknowledge them separately. I feel in no mood to congratulate myself or others for we have yet to reach our goal and the path is still difficult. Though I am not useti to prayer, it is in a prayerful mood that I approach this task, fervently hoping for the co-operation of all my countrymen in facing the difficulties ahead.

DOOR OPEN TO LEAGUE

"I regret deeply that the Muslim League has for the moment chosen a different path. I shall continue to hope for their co-operation and the door for it will always be open.

"For this business concerns us all and we would be unworthy of the people's confidence if we functioned in a narrow way seeking the good of particular groups or parties and forgetting the larger good of the nation. My colleagues and I go forward as Indians thinking of India, working for India's freedom and the emancipation of her masses. If we forget this at any time then we shall have failed in our endeavour.

"Destiny has conspired to test us in new days and we have answered this call of destiny with courage and faith in India's future. The dream of her freedom that has inspired us for so long beckons to us again and seems nearer our realisation. May we prove worthy servants of India and her people.—JAI HIND."

JAWAHAR CALLS ON MAHATMA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1 (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, and Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit called on Mhatma Gandhi after today's prayers.

Earlier in the day, Mr. Jagjivan Ram and Mr. Jai Prakash Narain met Mahatma Gandhi.

Kashmir State-Tatas' Agreement

SRINAGAR, Sept. 1 (UPI).—The Kashmir Government has finally sanctioned the proposal for entering into an agreement with the Tatas for the establishment of drug industry in the State, for which raw material exists in abundance here. The Government have reserved to themselves the right to re-purchase the concern at the end of forty years.

It is stated that this industry will be one of the biggest drug manufacturing concerns in India.

Boycott Of Interim Govt.

Gaznafar Ali Defines "Direct Action"

LAHORE, Sep., 1 (A.I.P.)—An inkling of what form "Direct Action" might take was given by Raja Ghaznafar Ali Khan, chief spokesman in the Legislative Assssembly for the Punjab Muslim League, last night in a speech before a mammoth gathering of Muslims.

Ghaznafar Ali detailed five points which he said "friends have suggested."

These points were, he said:

1. **Total economic, social and political boycott of the British and the Congress.**
2. **Non-payment of taxes by Muslims.**
3. **Scorched earth policy on the Russian pattern, including refusal to grow more food and to give grain to the enemies.**
4. **Government service by Muslims to be declared illegal.**
5. **Defiance of section 144, the ban on carrying of arms."**

"When the call for struggle comes," said the Muslim League leader, "I am sure some three lakhs Muslims would go to jail from the Punjab alone."

APPEAL TO NEHRU & WAVELL

In his speech—which lasted nearly two hours—Ghaznafar Ali Khan requested Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru "not to stand on false prestige and not while there was time to save the country from a ferocious and bloody civil war."

"Before it gets too late, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Lord Wavell should meet Mr. Jinnah and find an honourable solution," he declared.

LETTER FROM AMERICA

Chicago's Bold Bid

To Become Future World Air Traffic Centre

CHICAGO, Aug. 7:—This city has expressed its unmistakable ambition to become the future air traffic centre of the world. Its press, its radio stations, its public officials, its Chamber of Commerce and all those agencies which make up the composite voice of a city have served notice upon the world to that effect.

But the most convincing evidence is a visitor's approach to the city via the municipal airport. As the traveller's giant commercial airplane streaks down to the mile-long runway and taxies to the modernistic terminal, the entire world seems alive with planes and activity. To the accompaniment of constant, varying roar of motors, machines of all sizes and descriptions take off and land at the same time. It is like a glimpse into the world of the future.

There are 872 scheduled flights a day from this airport and 29 per cent of them are in the new-model, four-motored planes of high passenger capacity. Ten airlines operate from the municipal airport and about 65 private planes are based there. The volume of air passengers was 1,345,000 last year. By the end of this year it is expected to increase to two million.

NEW AIRFIELDS UNDER CONSIDERATION

But the municipal airport soon will be outdated. Within five years the field will yield its position as Chicago's ranking airport to the projected larger Orchard Place airport. A new field at Grant Park in the centre of the city is being considered for helicopter traffic, and there are ten other small airports in and near Chicago for the use of private planes.

All this preparation follows an increase in international as well as national air traffic. As the passenger stands at the terminal overlooking the field he may hear the roar of four mighty motors and witness the departure of a giant Trans-World Airways plane to Cairo via Newfoundland, Eire and Paris. Or he might see an American Air Lines plane take off for the trans-Oceanic flight to London. Both these flights have been on weekly schedules but they will be flown daily in the near future. Only a few days ago the Civil Aeronautics Board authorized the North-West Airlines and Pan-American Airways to establish new air routes to Alaska, the Orient and Australia. Trans-World Airlines also received an extension to its international route which in effect establishes a second United States flag around-the-world service. Pan-American Airways already has such a route.

In its decision, the Civil Aeronautics Board authorized two routes to the Orient, one by the Great Circle route across the North Pacific into Tokyo, Seoul, Shanghai and Manila, and the other across the Central Pacific via Honolulu, Midway, Tokyo Shanghai and Hong Kong.

GATEWAY TO ORIENT

The Chicago Association of Commerce feels that with the certification of the route via Alaska, Chicago will become the important gateway to the Orient. The flight along the Great Circle route to Northern Europe would similarly give Chicago geographic advantage. These Great Circle routes, though they do not cross the North Pole, shorten airline distances by flying over the Arctic wastes at the flattened ends of the earth.

Chicago is located at the head of the Mississippi river system, with its vast agricultural resources, and at one extremity of the Great Lakes waterway, with its iron, coal and other industrial resources.

Return India's Art Treasures

Sir,—Now that our foreign masters are going and an Indo-British treaty is to regulate things should we not at this transitional period turn round and ask them to return the prize-gem treasures of art, they carried away from this country as victors? India's heart will ever throb for her 'Kohinoor' and the Peacock-throne—to mention only two. They symbolise and represent our glorious heritage and fulfilment. India will be poorer without them. Will he sighatoria of the treaty bear this in mind?

Poona. N. K. NAYAR.

HAND BEHIND GRENADE ATTACKS ON BRITISH SERVICEMEN?

"Young Egypt" Party Boss And 20 Green-Shirts Arrested

CAIRO, Sept. 1. (Reuter): News of the arrest of some 20 members of the former "Young Egypt" party (Green-Shirts) alleged to be responsible for the recent hand-grenade attacks against British service personnel in Egypt, has led local political observers to wonder if this right-wing anti-British organisation intends to emerge once again on the Egyptian political scene in spite of its numerous setbacks in the last decade.

Maitre Ahmed Hussein, a 36 year-old Egyptian lawyer, who leads the "Young Egypt" party, is said to have regarded himself before the war as the potential Fascist dictator of Egypt.

Hussein visited Mussolini in 1937 and was so impressed that on his return to Egypt he enthusiastically proclaimed in "Battle Cry", his weekly organ; more than just one affinity ties us to modern Italy—our Mediterranean community, the tribulations of our history, our common frontiers and other elements of mutual understanding.

"Young Egypt" party's main plank was denunciation of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty of Alliance of 1936, talks for the revision of which are now going in Alexandria. Violently anti-British, Ahmed Hussein attacked the treaty as soon as it had been signed.

One year later, however, he "compromised" by adopting a "wait and see" attitude. Indeed in 1937, he declared that he would wait five more years "after which the "Young Egypt" party will take over the reins of Government to satisfy Egypt's aspirations".

The Green-Shirts leader was arrested at the outbreak of the war for seditious activities and his party was dissolved.

Released soon after the war was over, he found his political following reduced to a mere handful, but his enthusiasm remained undamped. Nothing was heard of him or his party after his release until newspapers recently announced the arrest of the former Green-Shirts connected with bomb outrages directed against British servicemen.

A prominent Egyptian politician asked to comment on the activities of Ahmed Hussein declared: "There is nothing to fear. If you notice, he has changed the colour of his shirt. The reason is that he has missed the bus, which after all never came his way".

PALESTINE CABLE TO SEVEN ARAB GOVERNMENTS

Higher Committee's Appeal For Support To Boycott Move

JERUSALEM, August 31 (Reuter).—The Palestine Arab Higher Committee tonight cabled to seven Arab Governments which have been invited to attend the London Conference (on Palestine asking them to support Palestine Arabs in their boycott of the Conference. The Committee did not however, specifically request of these Governments that they also boycott the Conference.

Dr. Hussein Khalidi, Secretary of the Arab Higher Executive, said tonight that he considered the British Government's attitude was an "affront to Palestine Arabs because it was directed against Palestine Arabs' chosen leadership and demanded of them appeasement as regards Jews."

Many observers in Jerusalem see in the boycott decision determination of the Arabs to bring the Palestine question before the United Nations.

OTHER ARAB DELEGATIONS DECISION NOT AFFECTED

Circles close to the Arab Higher Committee tonight did not think the Committee's decision to boycott the London Conference would in any way influence attendance of delegations from other Arab countries, who have already accepted the British invitation.

DROP IN GANGES LEVEL

District Authorities Consider Relief Measures

BENARES, August 31. (A.P.I.): A drop in the level of the Ganges water of about nine inches during the past 24 hours has given great relief to the people of Benares District. The level this afternoon stood at 239.3 ft. above sea level, which is about 3.9 ft. below the highest recorded level of 1916.

Thousands of inhabitants of about 24 villages of the Benares District along the Ganges are threatened with starvation and destitution. The shortage of food and fodder in these villages was the subject of an emergency meeting of the District authorities this afternoon. The Collector, the Additional District Magistrate and four Sub-Divisional Officers were among those present. They considered the details of the distribution of relief to the villagers who are victims of the floods.

Benares had heavy rain today and it appears that the rain was widespread.

Flood Havoc In Gwalior

GWALIOR, August 31 (APD).—Damage to the extent of a crore of rupees is reported to have been caused in Mandsaur (Gwalior State) by floods on account of heavy rain. A number of houses are reported to have collapsed and so far 14 bodies have been extricated from the debris.

His Highness the Maharaja Scindia has sanctioned Rs. 50,000 for relief measures. The Revenue Minister has proceeded to Mandsaur to arrange for distribution of foodgrains.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL TUESDAY MORNING:—Rainfall will be fairly widespread and light in the Konkanpatti. Very light showers will also occur locally in the Bombay, Karnatak and Gujarat and at a few places in Kathiawar, Khandesh, Mawal, the Deccan and the Hyderabad State.

OUTLOOK FOR FURTHER 2 DAYS: The break in monsoon will continue.

39 Slav Peasants Kidnapped

Work Of Greek Monarchist Bands

BELGRADE, Sept. 1, (Reuter): The Yugoslav news agency correspondent at Skoplje in Southern Serbia reported today that 39 Slav peasants were kidnapped from 8 villages near the frontier by Greek monarchist bands helped by Greek police.

The correspondent said that two of them died from ill-treatment and the rest were taken to a concentration camp.

Belgrade radio said that 100 people from two other villages were similarly taken away. Greek monarchists and police, the radio said, asked the people "are you Greek or Slav?" Those who answered "Slav" were taken away.

WORLD FOOD BOARD

Orr's Proposal To Prevent Famine And Slump

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 1 (Reuter).—Sir John Boyd Orr, the Director General of United Nations Food and Agricultural Organisation, said last night that at the F. A. O. Conference opening here tomorrow, he would propose a World Food Board to ensure that all people had enough to eat and to prevent famine and slump.

"If the United Nations fail to get together on food and food production, they will agree on nothing. Co-operation will fail and we shall be drifting to a war."

The Indian Delegation headed by Sir Jwala Prasad Srivastava, former Food Member in the Viceroy's Executive Council and the Chinese Delegation under Chien Tien Ho, Vice-Minister of Agriculture and Forestry have arrived.

STRUGGLE TO AVERT MASS STARVATION IN INDIA

Next Three Months Will Be "Most Critical", Says World Food Report

WASHINGTON, September 1. (Reuter): The next three months will be the "most critical" in the struggle to avert mass starvation in India, the United States Agricultural Department predicts in its monthly world food report.

The report states: "There can be no general relief from food shortage, until the main rice harvest is gathered in December.

Though higher imports of food and grains are included in the programme for India during the critical period than she had been receiving hitherto, the bulk of imports are wheat and flour, whereas the most critical shortage is rice. The summer rice crop is unofficially estimated at two-thirds of the normal crops".

Muir Mills Lock-Out To Be Lifted

CAWNPORE, August 31 (APD).—As a result of the intervention of the Labour Commissioner, the management of the Muir Mills have decided to lift the lock out from Monday.

League Parliamentary Board Meeting

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1 (A.P.I.): A meeting of the Central Parliamentary Board of the All-India Muslim League has been called in Delhi on Wednesday (September 11) at 10 a. m.

Task Before Sir Mirza Ismail

Sir Mirza Ismail has taken charge of the Premiership of the Government of H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad and Berar. A layman like me who is neither a politician nor belongs to any public organisation wishes to draw the new President's attention towards some problems which are staring Hyderabad in the face.

It is boastfully claimed that Hyderabad was the first in India to separate Judiciary from the executive and I do acknowledge this, but still I maintain that there are very many flaws in our Judicial department. A large number of cases are pending for a pretty long number of years. The Civil as well as Criminal Courts are always very slow in deciding cases and this has become a habit with our Judicature. So much about the Judiciary in Hyderabad.

In the matter of education Hyderabad, the premier State in India, is far behind compared with Mysore Cochin and Travancore. There is paucity of trained teachers and scarcity of primary schools in the urban as well as rural areas. Beside this there is much discontent among school masters; their scale of pay is too meagre. It should be so revised as to ensure them an initial pay of at least Rs. 50 per month. Then alone this class of Government servants will discharge their duties with interest and peace of mind as otherwise there is a possibility of things taking an ugly turn.

VAZIR-UZ-KAMANKHAN.

Hyderabad (Dn.).

FIRST THROUGH TRAIN ON S. I. R.

MADRAS, Sept. 1, (A. P. I.): The South Indian Railway strike which entered the seventh day today maintained the improvement noticed during the by Greek police.

The first through train from Madras to Mandapam will leave Egmore tomorrow morning. Halting at important junctions on the chord line, it will stop at Trichy for the night and complete its onward journey to Mandapam the next day.

Three passenger trains left Madras today for Trichy and other centres.

Improved passenger service is run on the other divisions.

Union leaders waited on the Premier, Mr. T. Prakasam, and represented to him the alleged high-handedness of the police in dealing with the strike situation.

A Communique issued today by the General Manager of the South Indian Railway says, "More staff have returned to work during the past 24 hours.

"With the improved position the administration have arranged to run additional through services from tomorrow between Jalarpet and Cotacamund connecting with the M. S. M. Railway at Jalarpet and also between Madura and Trichy and between Trichy and Mandapam via both the chord lines."

LONDON, Sept. 1, (Reuter): One of the first all-British air services to Europe was inaugurated today when the British European Airways Corporation Vickers Viking Airliner left for Copenhagen.

OM PARKASH RELEASED

Punjab Govt. Cancels Warrants Against Augusters

SIMLA, August 31. (A.P.I.): The Punjab Government has, it is understood, cancelled the warrants pending against Mohanlal Ahuja and Basant Bhushan who had been absconding since the 1942 movement. The Punjab Government has also passed orders for the release of Om Parkash, Vijand Swami, Basanthath, Congress workers of Lahore and Sargodha respectively.

"C. R." Making Rapid Progress

MADRAS, September 1 (UPI).—Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, member-designate of the Interim Government, who has been suffering from exzema and who is in hospital under treatment, is making rapid progress and it is expected that he will be discharged from the hospital in two or three days.

It is learnt that after discharge from the hospital he will take a few days' rest and then leave for Delhi.

LEAGUE VOLUNTEER CHIEF TO MEET COMMITTEE OF ACTION

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1 (A.P.I.): The Salar-e-Ala of All-India Muslim League National Guards, Mr. Siddique Ali Khan, has been requested to meet the Committee of Action on September 10 in Delhi along with provincial Salars.

Most Profitable Investment For Masses & Millowners!

Gandhiji's Scheme For Development Of Villages As Centres Of All Governmental Activity

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1 (A. P. I.): Under the caption "If I Were The Minister", Mahatma Gandhi writes in to-day's "Harijan":—

The talks with the Ministers concerned at Poona on 29th to 31st July on village crafts and basic education have given rise to a lot of correspondence and private discussion. For the guidance of the Provincial Governments and others interested in the question of Khadi, which has naturally occasioned the bulk of the correspondence and discussion, I set forth below my thoughts on the subject.

I refer the reader to my note in the "Harijan" of 28th April last. My views, the expressed, remain unaltered. One thing has created a misunderstanding. Some friends have read compulsion in that note. I am sorry for the obscurity. In it, I had answered the question as to what representative Governments could do if they wished. I had I hope pardonably, assumed that such Governments' notices too could not be interpreted as compulsion. For every act of a 'bona fide' representative Government would assume consent of the voters represented. The voters would mean the whole populace, whether registered as voters or not. With that background, I wrote that the Government should notify to the villagers that mill cloth would not be supplied to the villagers after a certain fixed date, so as to enable them to wear Khadi prepared by themselves.

"BADGE OF OUR FREEDOM"

Whatever the meaning of my article of 28th April last, I want to state that any scheme adopted about Khadi, without the willing co-operation of those concerned must mean death to Khadi as a means for attaining Swaraj. Then the taunt that Khadi was a return to the darkness and slavery of the Middle Ages would be true. But I have held the contrary view. Whilst Khadi under compulsion was a badge of slavery, Khadi intelligently and voluntarily prepared, primarily for one's own use, was easily the badge of our freedom. Freedom is nothing if it is not all-round self help. I, for one, would have nothing to do with Khadi, if it were not a free man's privilege as well as duty.

A friendly critic asks whether Khadi thus prepared could also and at the same time be for sale. Yes, if sale is its secondary use: not, if manufacture for sale is its only or even primary use. That we began sale of Khadi shows temporary necessity as well as our limited vision. Experience is a great teacher. It has taught us many things. Not the least is its primary use but it is by no means the last. But I must have this fascinating field of speculation and proceed definitely to answer the question put in the heading.

REVIVAL OF VILLAGES

My first business, as the Minister in charge of Revival of the villages as the centre of all governmental activity, would be to find out from among the permanent service honest and incorruptible men capable for the work. I would put the best among them in touch with the A.I.S.A. and the A.I.V.I.A., creations of the Congress, and bring in a scheme for giving the village crafts, the greatest encouragement. I would stipulate, there should be no compulsion on the villagers, that they must not slave for others and that they should be taught to help themselves and rely upon their own labour and skill for the production of articles of food, cloth and other necessaries. The scheme would thus have to be comprehensive. I would instruct my first man, therefore, to see the Hindustani Talimi Sangh and see what it has to say.

Let me assume that the scheme, thus produced, contains a clause saying that the villagers themselves declare that they would not want mill-cloth, say, after one year from a fixed date,, that they require cotton, wool and necessary implements and instruction. not as a gift but to be paid for on the easiest terms. The scheme provides too, that it will not apply at once to the whole of any province but only to a part to begin with. The Scheme further tells one that the A.I.S.A. will guide and assist the working of the scheme.

GENESIS OF SCHEME

Being convinced of its soundness, I would give it legal form in consultation with the Law Department and issue a notification fully describing the genesis of the scheme. The villagers as well as the millowners and others would have been party to it. The notification will show clearly that it is the people's measure, though bearing the Government stamp. The Government money will be used for the benefit of the poorest villagers, making the largest return possible to the people concerned. It will, therefore, be probably the most profitable investment in which expert assistance will be voluntary and overhead charges the least item. The notification will give in detail, the whole cost to the country and the return to the people.

The only question for me as Minister is whether the A.I.S.A. has the conviction and capacity to shoulder the burden of creating and guiding a Khadi scheme to success. If it has, I would put my little barque to sea with all confidence.

(On the train to Delhi. 26/8/46).

VILLAGERS CAN END IMPERIALISM

Mrs. Asaf Ali's Plea For National Volunteer Corps

MADURA, August 31 (A. P. I.): Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali, who toured Ramnad District and Pudukottah yesterday, arrived here early this morning and later left for Tinnevelly by car.

Addressing a Kisan conference at Sivaganga yesterday Mrs. Asaf Ali said it was only due to the people's joint demand and effort that the British Imperialist Government was bowing down before the Congress. She was sure that once the British power weakened, Zamindars, Capitalists, and all such forces which blocked India's freedom would vanish in no time.

She added freedom, as Mahatma Gandhi interpreted it, must be freedom for all the villages of India, every village must be an independent self-sufficient and free unit. British imperialism would not have any trace of its name in this land, if the villagers organised themselves and determined to cut the root of it in the villages. Some suggested that every village should have a national volunteers corps which could train national soldiers.

Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali paid a tribute to the late Mr. Satyamurthi speaking at a public meeting at Thirumayam (Pudukottah State), the birthplace of Mr. Satyamurthi. In spite of their political differences she had great respect for Mr. Satyamurthi who she said made great sacrifices in the cause of Indian freedom and Indian National Congress. She added it was only the atrocities of imperialist agents that were responsible for the untimely death of Mr. Satyamurthi who was arrested and imprisoned even though he was very ill.

200 COMMUNISTS ARRESTED

Rioting In Brazil's Capital

RIO DE JANEIRO, August 31 (Reuter).—Police and troops were standing by in Brazil's riot-scarred capital today while bands of students roamed the streets preparing for new outbursts tonight.

After a lurid night of rioting against inflationary prices by all classes, in shops, restaurants and places of entertainment, it was learned today that the police had arrested 200 Communists including the writer Alvaro Moreira.

New reports of violence came this morning from Rio Aquvidor, the hub of rice shopping district and police riot squads in cars with wailing sirens sped to the area.

Fifty persons are in hospital today after the events of last night when great crowds surged through shopping and theatre areas and suburbs smashing window displays, counters theatre fronts and anything else within reach. The police vainly tried to disperse the crowds.

A delegation from the Constituent Assembly is visiting President Dutra today to discuss the situation and a special session of the Assembly has also been called.

P. C. C. Representatives To Confer

NEW DELHI, August 31, (A.P.A.): A session of the representatives of the Provincial Congress Committees has been called in Delhi on September 23, it was learnt here to-day.

The agenda for the meeting will include certain organisational matters, especially relating to the classification of the Congress volunteer corps under the direction of Major-General Shah Nawaz Khan, their dress, and any distinctive badges which might be adopted.

This meeting will synchronise with the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee, which is meeting here on the same day.

The constitution Sub-Committee will also meet in Delhi on September 20.

Mahatma Gandhi is expected to stay in Delhi until after the new Interim Government has taken office.

Released Politicals For Communal Amity

CALCUTTA, August 31 (A. P. I.): Four of the seven pre-reforms political prisoners on their release from Alipore Central Jail this evening expressed their great concern at the present communal situation and appealed to all "to forget and forgive the past" and join together in a common movement for a League-Congress Coalition Ministry in Bengal.

In a statement to the Press, Mr. Ambika Chakravarti of the Chittagong Armoury Raid Case and three others, pledged themselves to the service of the country for the rest of their life, and declared: "Our immediate efforts will be directed towards the quenching of communal passions and for the release of I.N.A., R.I.N., Indian Pioneer Corps and August prisoners, who are yet behind the prison bars."

Appealing for communal amity they ask everyone to recall "how the united efforts of the Congress, League and the Communists forced the hands of the bureaucracy to grant our releases"

Indians, No Slaves Of Foreign Rule

AHMEDABAD, Sep. 1 (API).—Under the caption "We Are All Indians" Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan":

A Roman Catholic student from Goa had the sad experience of being told by some of his fellow students in Bombay that he was a Portuguese and therefore a foreigner, when he told them that the Roman Catholics of Goa had castes jus like the Hindus. He was not believed. These transitory lapses will take place whilst we are shedding our narrownessses and claiming all to be free Indians, slaves neither of the British, nor of the Portuguese nor any other foreign rule. If the same students were wisely handled they would be proud to know their friend as an Indian and not as a Goan and be known themselves as Indian, not Bombayites. Everyone's religion is his own concern but his Nationality is a corporate thing, carrying with it important and far-reaching consequences. That even among converts there are castes is a reflection upon Hinduism and should set every Hindu thinking and make him become, with me a bhangi.

"Congressmen Condemn Strike"

NEW DELHI, August 31 (A.P.I.): About 15,000 railwaymen are on strike on the South Indian Railway according to information available at the Railway Board. An official spokesman said today: "The situation is improving with the gradual return of strikers and stepping up of railway services. Over 1,000 strikers have returned to duty." He added that no vital movements were held up. All grain shipments were being cleared. At Cochin Harbour three grain shops had been completely cleared.

The spokesman said that the demands of the strikers numbered 25 most of which included items already referred to the adjudicator and the Pay Commission.

The spokesman added: "Reports have also been received of meetings of Congressmen held at various stations on the railway at which the strike has been condemned.

Khawaja Hasan Nizami's Appeal To Mr. Jinnah

Khawaja Hasan Nizami of Delhi has sent a telegram to Mr. Jinnah appealing to respond to the appeal of the Viceroy to the League to join the Interim Government.

Gandhiji On Seed Of True Liberty

AHMEDABAD, September 1 (API).—Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan": The game of hunting lover of civil liberty is going on merrily in Goa. A small power because of its smallness often acts with impunity where a great power cannot. If the facts are as they have come to me, Shri Purshottam Kakodkar is fasting in his prison and may soon join the majority. As a believer unto death in Satyagraha, neither I nor any Satyagrahi should deplore the death. In such deaths of spotless victims lies the seed of true liberty.

But what of the Portuguese power which boasts of philanthropy and alliance with the Roman Catholic Church? That power will have to justify itself before man and God. The blood of the innocents (assuming the innocence of the victims) will cry out from their tombs or their ashes. It is more potent than the voice of the living, however, powerful and eloquent.

Enhancement In Sales Tax Limit?

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, Sept. 1.—It is reliably learnt that the Bombay Congress Ministry has decided to enhance the taxation limit of the Sales Tax from Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 30,000.

The Government is likely to appoint a Committee of Experts which will go into the several suggestions from the mercantile community regarding Sales Tax and advise the Government as to the improvements it should effect into the statute.

HINDUSTANI EQUIVALENTS TO ENGLISH

"Harijan" To Conduct Special Column

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1 (API).—Under the caption "English into Hindustani" Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan": What English knowing Indian has not felt the shame and sorrow of his failure to discover an equivalent for an English word in either his mother tongue or the national language?

A Gujarati lad has an English-Gujarati dictionary in such a case to help him; similarly an Urdu or Hindi knowing lad has his dictionary to fall back upon, but for Hindustani, which is neither Persianised Urdu nor Sanskritized Hindi and which is the tongue of the common folk of the north, whether Hindu or Mussalman, a writer has no dictionary to fall back upon, an attempt will be made through a column at least of the "Harijan" each week to furnish for English a Hindustani word or two, spelt in both Nagri and Urdu script. An endeavour will be made to give the names of those who will contribute their labour to this fascinating task. This is pioneer work, and therefore, will, like all pioneer work, have defects. Those who detect them will confer a favour by drawing the attention to them of the Editor. I would suggest to students that they copy out these words week by week in a note book and added to or amend the attempt. They will find that the labour will combine recreation with instruction.

Only those English words which are in common use have been selected from a standard English dictionary. In reading the following, the reader should also know that no claim is made that the equivalents are the best possible or that they are exhaustive. They are a help to the searcher. The plan for this week is that those who are helping me to conduct the "Harijan" have prepared the first list. Kakasaheb and Acharya Shrimannarayan looked at the selection. The first letters of their names "Ka" or Shri have been given in parenthes's after the addition.

"SANJ VARTAMAN"

Parsi New Year Number

On the eve of the Parsi New Year the Zoroastrians are surfeited with two kinds of food, physical and mental. One is served in their very nearths and homes, though all the delicacies may not suit the palates of all members. The second is punctiliously provided by their dailies and journals, but is liked by all members of the family. The annuals are eagerly awaited by all. The literary pabulum served by the conductors of the "Sanj Vartaman," Bombay's popular Gujerati daily, will satisfy the appetite of many familes, covering as it does a large range of items that will prove as entertaining as instructive. The editorial article surveying the year's incidents in the country as a whole refers to the activities of Parsees, and rightly indulges in some plainspeaking. Pointing out the futility of the dole system which has not removed the problem of poverty or unemployment in the community it reveals the staggering figure of Rs. 12,82,000 received by the Punchayet as also the equaly big sum of Rs. 10,00,000 from up-country Anjumans and then cite the figure of Rs. 1,60,000 as doles "to prop up the staffless and always spineless creature...." It adds: "Three Parsees will be on the Constituen: Assembly and one will be gracing the Interim Government," and proceeds "Without casting reflections on any individuals, we only register here our deep regret that the same Parsees who are shaping India's future destiny are allowing their own community to wallow in the Slough of Despond." The choice of articles and contributors is judicious tone try to avoid the risk of being invidious by mentioning a few only casually. The number has maintained its high standard. The war has incidentally brought about a welcome change in the size of the annual. It is now handy and so the more welcome. It is hoped this war-time innovation will be permanent.

Ayurvedic University, Jhansi

The Governing Council of the Ayurvedic University has taken a forward step this year. Ayurvedic Research Department has been started. Six Ayurvedic graduates have already been selected, and they will receive theoretical and practical training at the University as well as at different Ayurvedic and western institutes at Madras, Dehradun, Calcutta, Bangalore and other places in India. All the expenses of these scholars while carrying on research work and studies will be borne by the University. The University has allotted Rs. 20,000 this year for Library and Laboratory equipment and Rs. 10,000 for scholarships.

Military Accounts Clerks To Continue Strike

CAWNPORE, August 31 (A.P.I.): A decision to continue their strike till their demands are conceded or they receive any instruction from All-India Federation was taken at a meeting of the Military Accounts Clerks which was convened to reconsider their stand in view of the appeal made by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

To strengthen their organisation and to rally more support to impress upon the Government the strikers have contacted the local Trade Union leaders to declare a general strike if necessary.

Gathering Witnesses In Kronberg Jewel Trial

FRANKFURT, Aug. 31, (UPA): USFET Headquarters Command Legal Office today said that Capt Harold H. Chase, for the prosecution, and Lt. Col. John S. Dwinell, for the defence, will leave Frankfurt tomorrow by plane for the United States to interview prospective witnesses in the Kronberg Jewel Trial of WAC Capt. Kathleen Nash Durant.

Two lawyers will check into the defence application for a writ of habeas corpus in Washington and will visit 12 possible witnesses in Chicago and Hudson, Wisconsin.

The trial yesterday recessed until September 16.

"Democracy Can't Come By Inflaming Reckless Elements

WASHINGTON (I.P.S.): Gen. MacArthur's recent orders prohibiting violence and mass disorders as a means of political pressure, has received warm support from all classes of Japanese people, says a Tokyo dispatch. The Public Relations Office in Tokyo has released a flood of letters approving this course to maintain social peace and order. The letters accuse disorderly minorities employing demonstrations to undermine orderly government. A writer in Hiroshima, the atomic bomb victim, said that it was the wicked ring leaders who intimidated the innocent masses" A Tokyo Professor: "The unscrupulous party leaders are degrading democracy to mobocracy, using as tools the same good ignorant masses that cheered and acclaimed Tojo." A Tokyo student wrote: "We oppose demonstrations not because we are reactionaries but because we want democracy. Democracy cannot come by inflaming reckless elements of the people."

Truman's Tribute To U. S. Labour

WASHINGTON, September 1 (APA)—President Truman, in a Labour Day statement yesterday declared, "We can look into the future today with confidence, but not with tranquillity."

Paying tribute to Labour's part in the first 12 months of peace, Mr. Truman said that the largest part of reconversion had been accomplished. Much of the credit for the job done goes to the workers of this great Union of States and free people, he said.

"We still have a big job to do and a long way to go to assure domestic prosperity and international understanding necessary to prevent the depressions of war," he added.

Jap Land Reforms, A Myth

New Bill Substitutes Big Estates For Tenant Farmers

LONDON, September 1 (Reuter).—How little the opinion and advice of representatives in Tokyo of the Allied Powers, including the British, count in the administration of Allied occupation is "poignantly shown" by publication of the Japanese Government's new Land Reform Bill, declares the Special Correspondent of the Sunday newspaper "Observer", cabling from Tokyo.

The correspondent adds: "This Bill, which has received strong endorsement by General Douglas MacArthur, provides for the redistribution of land which for centuries has been farmed by Japanese peasants, serving as virtual serfs to big landlords.

"The Japanese Government plans to purchase the land and sell it to former tenants on a long-term loan basis.

"On the surface the Bill appears to herald a long-awaited redemption of the Japanese peasant from his age-long impoverishment.

"But many Allied experts here point out that it lacks any compulsory clause and is full of loop-holes through which its purpose could be wrecked. One of the most significant aspects of the Bill is that it runs counter to the comprehensive land reform recommendations, which were presented to the Allied Council by Mr. MacMahon Ball, representing the United Kingdom.

COUNCIL'S ASSENT

"The recommendations had been asked for by General MacArthur. They were approved by the Council and sent in.

"The next thing heard of the matter was when Mr. Ball read in local newspapers that the Japanese had submitted their new Bill to General MacArthur, and that it had been heartily endorsed by him as evidence of 'the courage and determination of the Japanese to strike at the roots of the archaic landlord system.'

"A due note has been taken of the fact that this is the first time that the Japanese Government with General MacArthur's backing has felt itself in a position openly to reject the proposals made by the Allied Powers than the United States.

"Mr. Ball has pointed out to me that by the British proposals, the Japanese would have had to break up big estates in holdings of a maximum of seven and a half acres.

"The Japanese bill puts no limit on the amount of land which any family may own. There is nothing to prevent a wealthy farmer from buying a large area provided he cultivates it himself.

"The whole purpose of the land is thus defeated, and Japan is merely converted from a country of tenant farmers to one of big estates worked by hired labour."

LETTER FROM AMERICA

Growing International Outlook In U. S.

By HENRY F. PERRY

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31 The United States has voluntarily reported within the week to the United Nations on the administration of its possessions, socially, economically and educationally. Also, this week, a statement from President Harry S. ooooooo.uZ8'v

Truman was delivered to United Nations Secretary General Trygve Lie recognizing "as compulsory, "ipso facto" and without special agreement" jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice.

These two official acts of the United States Government were conclusive proof, if such proof were needed, of the national determination to make a success of the new world organization. In a most practical manner, the United States was endorsing the statement of one of the delegates to he San Franscisco Conference that each member must be willing to give up a little of its sovereignty in order that the United Nations might work.

Herschel V. Johnson, acting representative of the United States to the United Nations, said U.S. action on the World Court was "further testimony to the determination of my Government to do all in its power to assure that the United Nations will fulfill the role assigned to it, which is nothing less than the preservation of world peace".

OPINION POLL FINDINGS

This policy was supported by United States public opinion. A public opinion poll, the results of which were published by York "Herald Tribune" on August 1, showed that the majority of the people in the United States approve a strong world Congress and that a plurality favour world munitions control.

In the words of President Truman: "The Government of the United States will work with and through UNESCO to the end that minds of all people may be freed from ignorance, prejudice, suspicion and fear, and that men may be educated for justice, liberty and peace. If peace is to endure, education must establish moral unity of mankind."—USIS.

Death Of Shakespearean Scholar

PARIS, Sept. 1 (Reuter): Dr. Harley Granville-Barker, distinguished authority on Shakespeare, has died here aged 69.

He produced and acted in Shaw's plays among others and also wrote plays.

At the age of 41, he devoted himself to scholarship and wrote "prefaces to Shakespeare" and other studies.

When France fell, he was Director of the British Institute in Paris and escaped with his wife through Spain to the United States.

COMFORTABLE MAJORITY FOR CONGRESS IN CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1. (U.P.I.): With the inauguration of the Interim National Government to-morrow, the alignment of parties in the Central Legislative Assembly will undergo a sharp transformation.

The Congress and other elements, having supported the formation of the Interim Government, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Leader of the Muslim League Party, will function as the Leader of the Opposition. The European Group, consisting of only nine members, including one nominated, is expected to support the new Government or at best to remain neutral. The nominated 'bloc', consisting of 26 officials and 13 non-officials, would have to follow the mandate that may be issued by the Congress Chiefs.

Thus, in a House of 140, the Opposition, led by Mr. Jinnah would command a strength of only 30 or thereabout and the new Government will always be able to count upon a very comfortable majority in the Legislature to push through their programme.

In this connection an interesting constitutional question is likely to crop up following the assumption of office by Mr. Sarat Bose and Mr Asaf Ali, who happen to be sitting members of the Central Assembly. Will they be called upon to resign their seats as elected representatives of their respective constituencies and function henceforth as members nominated by the Viceroy? United Press of India gathers that Mr. Bose and Mr. Asaf Ali would provide the first instance in India so far where elected representatives have been chosen to occupy positions in the Viceroy Executive Council. And the Indian Constitution, as it exists to-day, does not offer a clear indication in such a contingency. Besides these two members, others, including Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Dr. Rajendra Prasad, who had so long opposed the principle of Executive Councillors functioning on the Viceroy's nomination will have to submit to the same before they can participate in the proceedings of the Central Legislature.

A LIFE DEVOTED TO PUBLIC SERVICE

U. P. Premier's Tribute To Late Mohanlal Shah

LUCKNOW, August 31 (API).—Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier, U.P., who returned from Delhi by air this afternoon, has issued the following statement to the press on the death of Mr. Mohanlal Shah, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Excise and a prominent Congress leader of Kumaon division.

"I heard of the sudden death of Mohanlal Shah with profound grief. It gave me a great shock, especially as we had no intimation about any deterioration in his health since his departure for Bombay. He was saved from the very jaws of death some months ago and seemed to be in his normal condition when he left for Bombay. He was a personal friend and my relations with him were very close and intimate. He was possessed of many remarkable qualities. His life was devoted to public service and he had no personal ends or interest of his own. He had an unbounded passion for work and he threw his whole being into everything that he took up.

On behalf of the Government I offer heart-felt sympathies to the bereaved members of his family.

Citizens' Volunteer Corps For Malad

The Malad Notified Area Committee with the object of furthering interest in Civic Affairs of the village, called a representative meeting recently at which a Committee was appointed:—

The Committee thought it desirable that primarily, in the interest of the public, a Volunteer Corps must be raised and Ward Committees be formed so that proper work might be done to ensure safety and peace in the locality. The Committee appealed to the members of the public to get their names registered in the Volunteer Corps.

The Volunteer Corps will be under the charge of a Captain (Mr. D. V. Mahant) and Vice-Captain (Mr. A. R. A. Sheikh) to be supervised by a Sub-Committee of the Main Committee. The members of this committee are:—

Mr. N. B. Desai (ex-Officio) Chairman, Messrs. D. V. Mahant, Abdul Karim Haji Bapubhai Nadiadwala, V. S. Aiyyer and Abdul Razak A. Sheikh.

The object of forming the Volunteer Corps is to give help to peaceful citizens to combat anti-social elements and minimise cases of thefts, dacoities, etc., which disturb the peace and tranquility of the area.

Negro Leaders Demand Bilbo's Ousting From Senate

WASHINGTON, August 30 (U.P.A.) Four prominent Negro leaders—Dr. Joseph L. Johnson, Dean of the Howard University Law School, Dr. Max Yergan, President of the Council on African Affairs, Thomas Richardson, international vice-President of the United Public Workers of America (C.I.O.), and Charles H. Houston, Legal Committee Chairman of the National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People—in a broadcast today demanded that Senator Theodore G. Bilbo be ousted from the Senate as a "threat to the peace and security of all the people of our country and a leading spokesman for the Lynch Law and terrorism."

R

RENEWAL OF RATION CARDS

(Week September 1 to September 7)

The work of renewing the current foodgrains, sugar and supplementary ration cards for heavy manual labour in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District for the year 1947 by pasting slips over them, will be done during this week at the shops mentioned below.

Those whose basic foodgrains, heavy manual ration cards and sugar cards are registered at any of those shops should send all the cards of the household on the usual day during the week when they normally draw their rations and get them renewed. Cards should be got renewed even if no rations are to be drawn during the week.

RATIONS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO BE DRAWN ON UNRENEWED CARDS DURING SUBSEQUENT WEEKS.

The hours of renewal and also for the issue of rations at the ration shops concerned, during the week will be 8-30 A.M. to 11-30 A.M. and 3 P.M. to 7 P.M. and at the Government Grain Shops from 8-00 A.M. to 11-30 A.M. and 2 P.M. to 6 P.M. on all working days in the City and the Suburbs except on Saturdays when the timings for the City will be from 8-00 A.M. to 11-30 A.M. and 3-00 P.M. to 7 P.M.

N.B.—All the Ration Shops and Government Grain Shops below will remain closed on Friday and open on Sunday during this and the next week.

A AWRD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 17, 350, 351, 512 and 513. GOVT GRAIN SHOP—No. 1.

B WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 36, 63 and 510. COM. STORES—Nos. 2, 14, 43 and 47. CO-OP. STORES—No. 12. GOVT. GRAIN SHOP—No 65.

C WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 7, 8, 46, 47, 48, 73, 379, 383, 494, 495, 497, 508 and 560. COM. STORES—Nos. 3 and 23. CO.-OP. STORE—No. 2 GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 6 and 134.

D WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 97, 101, 102, 140, 142, 156, 389, 488, 489 and 490. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 7, 112, 114, 147, 177 and 181.

E (EAST)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 209, 220, 376, 443 and 471. COM. STORES—Nos. 28 and 59. GOVT. GRAIN SHOP—No. 128.

E (WEST)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 168, 210, 211, 212, 225, 227, 395, 396, 397, 419, 462 and 547. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 51 and 115.

F (NORTH)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 207 and 250. CO-OP. STORE—No. 23. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 17, 56, 84 and 138.

F (SOUTH)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 236, 237, 238, 265 and 279. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 10 and 90.

G (NORTH)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 317, 320, 321 323, 334, 344, 408, 433, 543 and 556. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 150 and 234.

G (SOUTH)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 297, 338, 405, 438, 484 and 534. GOVT. GRAIN SHOP—No. 35.

BANDRA—RATION SHOPS—Nos. B/1, B/2, B/4, B/17 and B/18. COM. STORE—No. 3. CO-OP. STORE—No. 1. GOVT. GRAIN SHOP—No. 249.

PARLE-ANDHERI—RATION SHOPS—Nos. A/4, A/5, A/6, A/20 and A/22. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 204 and 245.

MALAD AND BORIVLI—RATION SHOPS—Nos. MD/3 and MD/10. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS— Nos. 232, 228 and 98.

KURLA AND CHEMBUR—RATION SHOPS—Nos. K/1, K/2, K/3, K/4, K/5, K/6.

GHATKOPAR AND MULUND AREA—RATION SHOPS—Nos. G/1 and G/2. COM. STORE—No. 2. GOVT. GRAIN SHOP —No. 212.

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED PROVINCES

FINANCE (S) DEPARTMENT

Dated Lucknow, August 27, 1946.

PRESS NOTE

UNITED PROVINCES 2¾ PER CENT. GOVERNMENT LOAN, 1961

The Government of the United Provinces is floating a loan of Rs. 2 1/2 crores in order to repay an equivalent portion of the consolidated debt due to the Government of India. The main terms of the loan are that the issue price will be Rs. 100/8/0 for every Rs. 100 of the loan applied for The loan will have a currency of 15 years from September 1, 1946, and will be repaid at par on September 1, 1961, and will bear interest at the rate of 2 3/4 per cent per annum from September 1, 1946, payable half-yearly on March 1 and September 1 and will be subject to income-tax. Subscriptions will be received on September 2, 1946, only and will be closed without notice as soon as it appears that the total subscription approximates to the amount of issue, and in any case not later than the close of business on September 2, 1946. Subscriptions will be received at the branches of the Imperial Bank of India in the United Provinces, at treasury pay offices of the Imperial Bank of India at Azamgarh, Partabgarh, Gonda, Bahraich and Roorkee, the Government treasuries located at the headquarters of the districts in the United Provinces where there is no branch or treasury pay office of the Imperial Bank of India, and at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras.

Full details of the terms of the loan are contained in Finance Department's notification No. S-3191/X—64, dated August 27, 1946, a copy of which with the application form of the loan is obtainable at the receiving offices detailed above.

2. A summary of the financial position of the Government of the United Province is as follows (latest available figures):

Revenue position.—There have been revenue surpluses of 228 lakhs in 1942-43, 488 lakhs in 1943-44, 492 lakhs in 1944-45 and 438 lakhs in 1945-46.

Balances in the Reserve Funds.—These surpluses have been conserved and put into various reserve funds. By the end of 1945-46, the total credit at each fund stood at 140 lakhs in the United Provinces Road Fund, 116 lakhs in the Hospitals Fund, 300 lakhs in the Supply Schemes Stabilization Fund, 58 lakhs in the Famine Relief Fund, 966 lakhs in the Revenue Reserve Fund and 96 lakhs in the Depreciation Reserve Fund —Irrigation. Some of these are invested in Government of India securities. The total balances in Reserve Funds amount to 1,676 lakhs, of which as much as 1,222 lakhs are expected to be available for post-war schemes.

Debt position.—On March 31, 1946, the permanent debt of the Province amounted to 2,733 lakhs consisting of 1,500 lakhs representing the consolidated debt due to the Central Government plus 977 lakhs representing the amount of public loans floated by this Government from time to time plus 256 lakhs as United Provinces Encumbered Estates Act Bonds Sinking funds for all the public loans have been formed and they are invested in Government of India securities.

Assets of the Government.—Against the outstanding debt of 2,733 lakhs there are assets in the form of the Ganges, Jumna and Sarda Canals, and various other small canals, state tube-wells and the Hydro-electric grid in which over Rs. 30 crores have been invested. Another asset is the balance due to the United Provinces Government on account of loans and advances amounting to 479 lakhs.

Provincial balance at the close of 1945-46.—The United Provinces Government had a free balance of 250 lakhs at the end of 1945-46, of which 241 lakhs was at credit with the Reserve Bank of India and the balance of 9 lakhs was in treasuries and sub-treasuries. Besides this, the Government held treasury bills of 696 lakhs.

Soviet Faces Crisis On Greek Issue

"Three Reasons" For Molotov's "Sudden Flight" From Paris

LONDON, August 31, (Reuter): Two theories about M. Vyacheslav Molotov's sudden flight from Paris to Moscow were current in London tonight, writes Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

One compared his return to the numerous week-end flights to London for consultation made by Mr. Ernest Bevin since the Council of Foreign Ministers started to meet in Paris last April. According to this interpretation M. Molotov's return is an entirely normal development to be explained by the fact that he was now been out of direct personal contact with his Government for more than a month.

SEQUEL TO SHARPEST DIVERGENCE OF VIEWS

The other theory points out that M. Molotov's departure from Paris is the culmination of a week of intense diplomatic activity directed against Greece and against the Western Powers by the Soviet Union. This theory emphasises that M. Molotov's flight follows directly upon the sharpest exchange of views yet seen in Paris at yesterday's Plenary Session of the Conference when M. Molotov and Mr. A. V. Alexander, the British First Lord of the Admiralty disagreed about the right of Greece to have her frontier claims against Albania discussed by the Big Four Foreign Ministers.

This clash took place although the resumption of contact between the Big Four Powers on Thursday afternoon had been widely expected to relax the growing tension.

These two theories are not incompatible. Whether or not M. Molotov's return to Moscow deserved a sensational interpretation, there is good reason to believe that the main purpose of his visit is to discuss Soviet policy towards Greece.

THREE REASONS

This problem is now topical for three reasons.

Firstly, the Ukrainian complaint against the Greek Government is before the Security Council; Secondly, the Greek frontier claim against Albania have been brought before the Paris Conference; thirdly, tomorrow the Greek people will vote in the Referendum on the future of the Monarchy.

Observers in London have been led by Soviet policy in the past week to believe that the Greek Plebiscite might be the cause of a crisis in Moscow's policy towards the Greek Government.

In all these circumstances the most probable explanation of M. Molotov's return is that he is seeking a decision at the highest level on how far Soviet opposition to the Right Wing regime in Greece, if this is re-established by tomorrow's voting, is to be pushed.

SPEARHEAD OF SOVIET DRIVE

WASHINGTON, August 31 (Reuter) —Well-informed observers believe that tomorrow's Plebiscite on Monarchy will give majority sufficiently large for King George to have no hesitation about returning to Greece, writes Paul Scott Rankine, Reuter's correspondent. But Washington is alarmed over the information indicating that Greek Guerilla forces are receiving arms and ammunition from across the Albanian frontier and have been assured of reinforcements from Albanian and Yugoslav "volunteers."

Greece is regarded in United States diplomatic circles as "spearhead" of Russia's "drive to the Dardanelles". The observers attribute to naked power politics the tremendous pressure to which Greece has been subjected by the Eastern European Powers in the form of the withdrawal of Ambassadors' charges before the Security Council and demands of the Peace Conference for a revision of the Frontiers.

So far as the Plebiscite is concerned, reports from Athens show that Russian tactics have resulted only in persuading many Greeks that any other course than the return of Monarchy might lead to Russian domination through a Russian controlled Communist Government.

TOP PRIORITY FOR GREECE

In Washington it is frankly acknowledged by officials that the International issue at stake is, in their view, the control of the Dardanelles in view of Greece's strategic position Greece, therefore, as the only country left in the Balkans not influenced by Russia, receives top priority in America's new foreign policy.

Voting Papers & Polling Material Burnt

ATHENS, Augus 31 (Reuter).—Registers, voting papers and other polling material for tomorrow's Plebiscite were burned today at two polling stations in the mountainous region of South Peoloponnesus, according to information received by the Greek Minister of Public Order, it was learned here tonight.

"Left Wingers" were reported to be responsible for the incident.

Fresh supplies have been sent to enable the population to vote tomorrow.

Greece Being Converted Into Br. Colony

MOSCOW, August 31 (Reuter).—The allegation that the Greek Government "has entirely lost its independence and Greece is being rapidly converted into a British colony' was made today by the Istanbul correspondent of the Communist Party's organ "Pravda."

The article declared that the Greek Government continuously received instructions on home policy from the British Foreign Office and the British Ambassador in Athens and that the British retained in London Greece's entire currency reserve and only issued to the Greek authorities "mere pittances' for buying goods in the British market and maintaining the British occupation forces.

The Soviet Trade Union organ "Trud" said today that tomorrow's Plebiscite was only to decide the question whether King George was to live in London or Athens and not whether Greece was to be a Monarchy or a Republic. "Trud" alleged that the present Greek Government had legalised "assassinations, arrests, executions and persecution."

Moscow Radio broadcast an article from the Soviet organ "Izvestia" saying that the Mediterranean cruise of the aircraft "Franklin D. Roosevelt" was "far from the goodwill visit about which Dean Acheson (the United States Acting Secretary of State) spoke and was really due to the topicality of the Dardanelles question.

Greek King Not Worried

LONDON, Sept. 1 (Reuter).—While the Greek people are taking a Plebiscite today for or against the return of Monarchy, King George of Hellenes has gone to the country for the week-end and his whereabouts are known only to two or three people.

"The King is not worried about the outcome of the Plebiscite", his 'aide' told Reuter this morning.

"He is expected to return to London on Monday to receive latest reports of events in Greece."

Republican Govt. For Bulgaria?

SOFIA, Sept. 1 (A.P.A.): A high ranking Government official told the Associated Press of America yesterday that the Bulgarian Royal family is preparing to join the Italian Monarchy in exile in Egypt.

An Associated Press of America correspondent reported a general feeling among the Bulgarian people that the country will become a Republic and that the Monarchy is passing through the last days of the long-lived Coburg dynasty.

Queen Mother Giovanna herself was reported to hold the opinion that the Monarchy was giving way to Republican Government.

PARIS INVITATION TO IRAQ

BAGHDAD, Sept. 1 (Reuter).—The Government of Iraq has received an invitation to the Paris Peace Conference today. The Minister for Foreign Affairs, Dr. Fadl Jamali, will present Iraq's views to the Conference on the subject of Italian colonies. Jamali will leave for Paris next week. He will also represent the Iraq Government at the London Round-Table Conference on Palestine which is to be held in September.

FOR THE RESCUE OF FRANCO

Senor Suner Reappears On Political Scene

MADRID (I.P.S.): Senor Sarrano Suner, Franco's brother-in-law, the one time pro-Nazi Foreign Minister of Spain in 1940-42 is in the picture again. He is stated to be the man behind Franco's decision to hold a National referendum. Suner is reported to have advised the Caudillo that such a test could be won if carried out with intelligence and energy. An intensified electoral campaign to win for Franco the support of the Spanish people has begun. For the first time since the Civil War, an electoral register is being prepared. But it will grant vote to the heads of the family only and those considered unreliable will not appear on the rolls. Badly cultivated estates are broken and distributed among peasants. There have been big increases in wages of workers. But it is stated in Spanish diplomatic circles that British and U. S. Ambassadors in Madrid have informed Franco that they will not view the referendum as a pass for respectability unless freedom of speech and right to organise opposition are granted in advance.

PACIFIC OCEANOGRAPHIC EXPEDITION SUGGESTED

LONDON, Aug. 30, (UPA): Soviet Scholar Prof P. Y. Shmidt, developing a vast plan of Russian scientific research in the Pacific, today suggested the organization of a big oceanographic expedition covering the entire Western part of the northern Pacific and perhaps also parts of the Eastern Pacific Waters, adjoining northern America."

Writing in the journal of the Soviet Academy of Science—Stalin's scientific brains trust—Shmidt said that scientific exploration of the Pacific Ocean had great significance for the state. He added that the splendid Red Army victories and the subsequent capitulation of Japan basically changed the political situation on the shore of the Pacific Ocean and opened a wide field to Soviet science there.

Shmidt suggested that four Pacific expeditions on a minor scale should also be carried out. The first expedition should cover the southern part of the Sea of Japan; the second, the waters of the Okhotsk Sea near the Kurile islands, including the waters east of the Kurile Archipelago; the third, the western part of the Behring Sea near our shores and also its eastern part which is so far little known to us;" and the fourth the Yellow Sea, including southern part as far as the waters of Formosa.

U. S. GOT TOP RANK HITLER'S SCIENTISTS

WASHINGTON (I.P.S.): The German scientists are wholeheartedly cooperating with the U. S. War Department. Their behaviour has impressed many army leaders. Further more, although Russia also borrowed some of Hitler's scientific workers, it is claimed by U. S. authorities that they got top brains.

Deny That Flier's Liver Was Served At Jap Officers' Dinner

GUAM, August 30 (U.P.A.): Lt. Monora Hayashi, one of 14 Japanese defendants in the Cannibalism trial, today denied any knowledge of charges that the liver of a dead American flier's body was served at a Japanese Navy officers' dinner.

Hayashi and 13 others are accused of murdering eight American prisoners of war at Chichijima and committing cannibalism on three of the victims.

Court Stops Business To Search For Bible

WEALDSTONE, England, Aug. 30, (U. P. A.): Court officials had to stop official business today while they searched for a bible.

It was found in the hand-bag of a previous witness.

Nile Floods Havoc

KHARTOUM, August 31, (Reuter): With the blue Nile still rising after reaching the record high level of 55 feet nine inches several days ago, Khartoum province authorities announced yesterday that they were organising emergency food relief measures.

Several villages have been evacuated, some by boat. Thousands of acres of cotton and maize have been submerged.

Explosion In Sukkur Market

SUKKUR, August 31, (A.P.I.): A sudden explosion in the market place here last night caused great excitement in the locality. No one was injured. The police arrived on the spot and took into custody one person. The explosion is said to have been caused by a cracker thrown by some unknown person. Armed pickets have been posted in the locality.

HINDU 'DIRECT ACTION" AGAINST HYDERABAD REFORMS

If Their Grievances Are Not Redressed By Sir Mirza Ismail

BARODA, Sept. 1 (A.P.I.): A call to Hindus of India to help the All-India States Hindu Mahasabha with men and money for the coming "Direct Action" against Hyderabad reforms is made by Pandit Anandpriyaji, Working President, in a statement to the press.

Pandit Anandpriyaji points out that if the deputation of the All-India States Hindu Mahasabha failed to seek redress of the grievances of Hyderabad Hindus at the hands of Sir Mirza Ismail; at least ten thousand volunteers and a sum of Rupees one lakh will be needed for the Satyagraha movement that will be launched immediately.

Besides, the statement continues, Jathas of Hindu worshippers should visit the Laxminarayan temple in Junagadh where the religious liberties of the Hindus stand curbed by the authorities.

Alwar Ban

ARRESTS CONTINUE

Leaders Complain Of Beating In Jail

ALWAR, August 31 (A.P.I.): An order has been issued to-day prohibiting the publication of any document or class of documents containing any matter relating to the present disturbances in Alwar State for one month.

HIRALAL SHASTRI MEETS PREMIER

Mr. Hiralal Shastri, Secretary, Rajputana Regional Council of the All-India States' People's Conference, met Sir S. M. Bapna, Prime Minister of Alwar, this afternoon when the official viewpoint regarding the situation in Alwar was explained to him. Mr. Shastri later met the Prajamandal leaders in jail to gather their views on outstanding questions. He is meeting the Maharaja to-morrow when proposals for a settlement may be discussed.

Mr. Shastri visited the Secretariat to-day where members of the Praja Mandal are offering Satyagraha.

Defying Section 144, about 2,000 people gathered and went along with him round the city shouting slogans addressing them before his local residence.

ALLEGED BEATING IN JAIL

Fourteen Praja Mandal Satyagrahis were arrested to-day.

Mr. Prithinath Bhagava, former local Municipal Chairman, and President of the Praja Mandal City Committee, and Mr. Ramchandra Upadhya, members of the Praja Mandal General Committee were tried today by the First Class Magistrate. Prosecution evidence was recorded. The case has been adjourned to Sept. 5 to record further prosecution evidence.

Mr. Ramjalal Agarwal, General Secretary of the Alwar Rajya Praja Mandal filed a written complaint stating that he was beaten in jail. Several other made the same complaint orally.

The Magistrate is forwarding them to higher authorities.

STRIKERS' DEMAND

The non-gazetted staff who have been on strike have asked for the appointment of a Panchayat to inquire into their grievances.

BHARATPUR ELECTIONS

The Working Committee of the Bharatpur Rajyaprajа Parishad had decided not to participate in the forthcoming election of three popular Ministers for the State Council.

Earlier, the Praja Parishad had decided to contest the election for which today was the last date for filing nominations.

Cambay Reforms

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Aug. 31

The Cambay State Government have recently resolved to grant responsible Government to the people and to set up a Representative Assembly on the first favourable opportunity as an acid test of their sincerity.

An Assembly Hall has already been constructed at Cambay, Lt. Col. Cyril Hancock, Resident for the States of Western India and Gujerat having declared it open on August 27.

Gujarat And Kathiawar States' Chiefs To Meet

(From A Correspondent)

PALITANA, Aug. 31

The Resident for Gujarat and Kathiawar States has called a meeting of the Chiefs of Ruling States (first and second class) on September 5 at Rajkot. It is learnt questions of State Railways and ports and their federation are to be discussed. The Resident, Sir Hancock is expected here today. The birthday of the Yuvaraj Saheb is on Sept. 2 and it is hoped some public reforms will be announced.

Gandhiji On Cochin Maharaja's Announcement

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1 (APD).—Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan": "I have read all that has appeared in the "Hindu" of July 30 about the announcement made by the Maharaja of Cochin. It is good as far as it goes. His Highness deserves congratulations for his courage. But good words do not carry us much further unless they are accompanied by present action. It would certainly be a tremendous advance if the Maharaja were to make the beginning today, irrespective of what Travancore or other States do or do not do. Will Cochin become a part of what is called British Malabar today, the Maharaja keeping for himself no status other than what the free vote of the adult population of Cochin gives him?

Cripps For India Office?

LONDON, Sept. 1 (Reuter).—A member of the British Cabinet Mission to India, Sir Stafford Cripps, may become next Secretary for India during Cabinet changes, which the British Premier Mr. Clement Attlee is expected to make this month, says the Political correspondent of the Sunday paper 'The People.'

The writer points out that the present India Secretary Lord Pethick-Lawrence will be 75 this year and adds: "Mr. Clement Attlee knows of his wish to retire and is expected to release him when Cabinet changes are made. The choice of Sir Stafford Cripps to succeed him is an obvious one.

"He has visited India twice on important issues and is considered best qualified to carry out the Government's India programme."

TRANSPORT CRISIS THREATENS U. S.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1 (Reuter): The United States faces a transport crisis due to shortage of railway goods wagons which threatens the movement of wheat, timber and coal to both foreign and domestic markets.

Mr. J. Monroe Johnson, Director of the Office of Defence Transportation said: "Railways simply cannot handle all traffic which will be offered them during the coming months.

Mr. J. D. Small, Head of Civilian Production Administration reported an estimated shortage of 100,000 trucks.

Demand Punishment For Lynchings

WINSTON-SALEM, North Carolina, August 30 (U.P.A.): Assistant Attorney General Theron L. Caudle today demanded federal legislation to punish those guilty of lynchings and other "primitive brutal acts."

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, Aug. 30, (Reuter).

Wall Street opened irregular and moderately active. The markets declined up to 2 points in quiet trading with losses in high prices issues like American telephone and telegraph allied chemicals against pivotal industrials, chemicals, we-stocks and rails, with the latter average again making a new low for 1946. A few persistent spots developed, notably among department stores and sugars, based on pleasing individual situations. There was little disposition to make important commitments in view of the long labour day week-end. Time rallying attempts during the afternoon was partly successful and the market remained above the day's lows but still mostly under Thursday's close. Support was principally directed to assorted steels, oils, aircrafts and utilities many of which converted earlier losses to gains but the movement was by no means general and numerous groups lagged in moderate trading. Wall Streeters were in a highly cautious mood in view of the approaching week-end. News items were of little reassuring nature and this had a bearing on the desultory action of the market. Brokers say that innumerable companies are unable to attain efficiency or large production that would produce gratifying profits due to strikes in attendant fields, material or labour shortages and price problems. Another element of concern is the steadily growing freight car shortage. The market closed heavy.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

American Telephone and Telegraph 153-1/2; Amerex Corporation 35; Anaconda Copper Mining 41-1/2; Chase National Bank 41-1/4; Sinclair Oil 17-3/8; Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co., 66-3/4; General Electric Co., 43; General Motors 61-1/8; Ingersol Rand 127; International Nickel 33-1/4; National City Bank of New York 46-1/4; New York Central Rail Road Co., 20-5/8; Socony Vacuum Corporation 10-1/2; Texas Corporation 62; Union Carbon & Carbide 101-1/2; U.S Smelting Refining Mining Co., 54-1/2; U.S. Steel Corporation (common) 83; Western Union Telegraph 30-3/4.

RISE OF 36 POINTS IN NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

NEW YORK, August 30.

Cotton opened steady, 2 to 7 higher. Quiet and narrow conditions prevailed in the morning with traders becoming more cautious before the extended week-end holiday. The overnight O.P.A. announcement of only 2-1/2 per cent increase in cotton goods ceilings for September was more or less disappointing but did not influence any actual selling mills and trade were the best buyers but this was insufficient to counter moderate hedges and other selling attributable to renewed easiness of securities, better weather news and some increase in crop ideas. At midday the market was dull 1 higher to 7 lower. In the afternoon the market rallied on end of month price-fixing, other buying and covering influence by reports of a Brazil embargo on a long list of items including cotton fibres and cotton textiles which is viewed as enhancing United States export prospects. Dwindling of contracts on recovery intensified the upswing. The market closed steady 23 to 36 higher. Sales are estimated at 175 thousand bales.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Chicago grains were featured by firmness of wheat and maize attributed to reports that the commodity credit corporation was authorised to support cash wheat markets at June 30th ceiling prices together with continued cool weather in the maize belt and increasing talk of maize crop deterioration. The limited country movement because of the shortage of box cars has lessened hedging and attracted commercial demand. Winnipeg rye stiffened on technical consideration.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Aug. 31.

T. T. London on:—

New York sellers 4.02-1/2, buyers 4.03-1/2, Madrid official 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.02, buyers 4.04, Zurich sellers 17.34, buyers 17.36, Stockholm sellers 18.88, buyers 14.47 to 14.50.

New York Cotton closed.

DISPOSALS

PIPES

The Regional Commissioner Disposals, Southern Circle, invites tenders for the purchase and removal of the under mentioned stores in their present condition:—

STORES	UNIT	QUANTITY
Pipe C.I. 3" Dia. (9 ft. long)	RFT	16,000
Pipe A.C. 6" Dia.	"	91

The condition of the stores is good. The stores are lying at Geweri Park, under the charge of Officer Commanding, Engineering Park, Bombay, and permits to inspect the stores at site should be obtained, if desired, from this Office.

Offers in Tenderers own form in double covers the inner being sealed and superscribed tender No. RCS/1356/EP due on 15-9-1946 should reach this office not later than 4 p.m. on 15-9-1946 and should remain open upto 10-10-1946. Deposit at call receipt for 10 per cent of the value of the offer deposited as earnest money in the Imperial Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of the Regional Commissioner Disposals, Southern Circle, Bombay. Tender quoted should be per Rft. Tenderers are at liberty to quote for the whole or part of the quantity.

Delivery of the stores should be completed within one month from the date of the issue of sale order. The sale will be governed by the conditions of the Con. 117 which can be seen at this office.

RIVETS AND SCREWS

The Regional Commissioner Disposals, Southern Circle, invites tenders for the purchase and removal of Rivets and Screws assorted in their present condition.

The Stores are lying with Messrs. Balmer Lawrie & Co. Bombay, and can be viewed at site by permits available from this office.

Offers in tenderer's own form in double covers, the inner being sealed and superscribed tender No. RCS/1268/1542/EP due on 15-9-46 should reach this office not later than 4 p.m. on 15-9-46 accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for ten per cent of the value tendered deposited as earnest money in the Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of the Regional Commissioner Disposals, Southern Circle, Bombay. Rates quoted should be per Cwt. Tenderers are at liberty to quote for the whole or part quantity.

Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 10-10-46 and delivery completed ex site within one and a half months from the date of issue of Sale Order. No assistance will be given in obtaining transport facilities, Rly. wagons etc. The sale will be governed by the conditions of Contract Con. 117 which are obtainable from this office.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS (SOUTHERN CIRCLE) Mercantile Chambers, Graham Ballard Estate, Bombay Tel. 30041 (3 lines)

BOOKS

By Dr. K. MATHEW Trivandrum.

(1) PRACTICAL REJUVENATION

1946 Edn. Rs. 3/12

"Of immense practical help and service to most men who have begun to feel afraid of the chilling hand of senility."

—"MORNING STAR"

(2) BIRTH CONTROL

1946 Edn. Rs. 2/8

"The book is intensely practical and every reader will find it a very useful manual on the subject."

—"THE HINDU"

(3) CAUSES AND CURE OF STERILITY.

1946 Edn. Rs. 2/8

"Deals with all the aspects of sterility in men and women and indicates some sure practical methods based on his extensive medical experience and observation. — It is a helpful book written in an equally helpful manner which should prove a boon to every sterile couple."

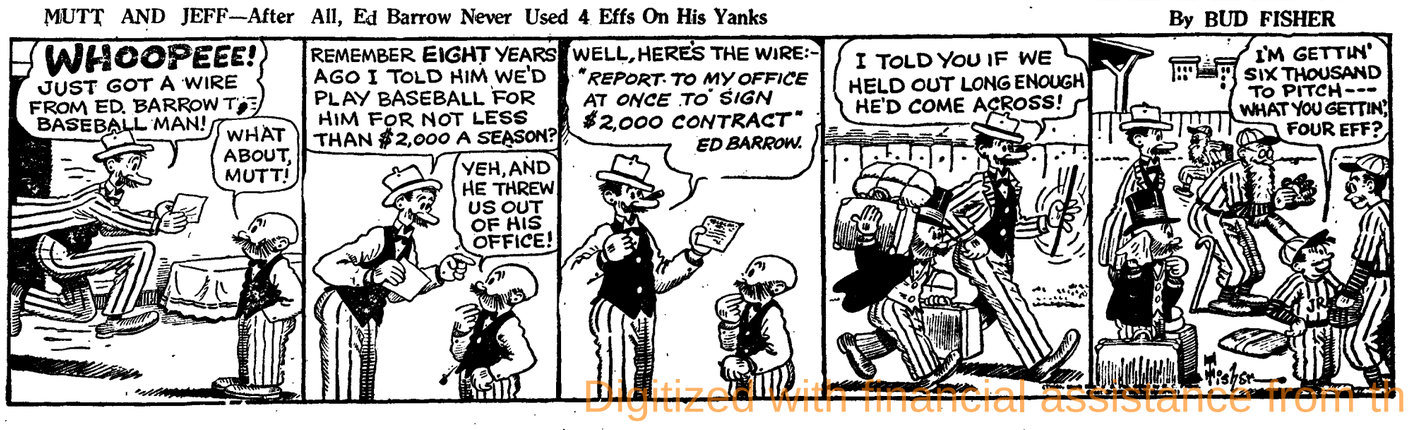
—"THE ORIENT"

HEALTH BOOK STALL

7, Krishnan Koil Street, G. T. MADRAS.

MUTT AND JEFF—After All, Ed Barrow Never Used 4 Effs On His Yanks

By BUD FISHER


WHOOPEEE! JUST GOT A WIRE FROM ED BARROW THE BASEBALL MAN!
WHAT ABOUT, MUTT!
REMEMBER EIGHT YEARS AGO I TOLD HIM WE'D PLAY BASEBALL FOR HIM FOR NOT LESS THAN $2,000 A SEASON?
YEH, AND HE THREW US OUT OF HIS OFFICE!
WELL, HERE'S THE WIRE:- "REPORT TO MY OFFICE AT ONCE TO SIGN $2,000 CONTRACT" ED BARROW.
I TOLD YOU IF WE HELD OUT LONG ENOUGH HE'D COME ACROSS!
I'M GETTIN' SIX THOUSAND TO PITCH--- WHAT YOU GETTIN', FOUR EFF?

PEACE HAS CONQUERED WAR

NOW WE CAN SUPPLY YOU THE SAME EPE-WAR QUALITY OF: Leather Travelling

VISIT OUR SHOWROOM

AIR & RAILWAY SUIT CASES

PRIMIN & SONS

Stockist:— MANEKJI & CO., Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

LOST & FOUND

A bedding was taken by us through mistake while alighting from the Frontier Mail on 11-8-46 at Godra Station. The owner should apply with details to Box No. 3238, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Woman Doctor (Licentiate). Grade 75-5-150-10-250. Dearness allowance. Provident fund benefit. Furnished quarter. Higher starting pay may be given especially to experienced and/or well qualified doctor. Apply with particulars personal and professional and copies of testimonials to Dr. E. Pfeil, Medical Superintendent, Umaid Hospital for Women & Children, Jodhpur. 9529

Wanted experienced Canvassers for our hardware and sundry lines. Apply Manager, P.B. 3619, Bombay 4. 3245

Wanted a Lady Doctor M.B.B.S. or highly qualified to work as an Assistant or Associate practitioner. Write with details of age, qualifications, experience, etc. to Dr. S. B. Shah, M.S., Hon. Gen. Surgeon, Seth V. S. General Hospital, Ahmedabad. 3243

Wanted Stenographer, either sex to join immediately one knowing Gujerati or Marathi preferred. Apply with written application in person: T. S. Mahadeo, Lalgir Chambers, 3rd floor, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. Phone 34051. 3242

Wanted A Girl, knowledge some English, for part or full time job. Apply Box No. 3239, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted (1) A Lady Science Graduate for taking Science classes in High Sections on Rs. 75 p.m. in 75-5-150-6-180 grade Knowledge of Hindi is essential; if trained preferable. Higher start may be given to really capable candidates. (2) A lady Music teacher in 40-3-85-5-110 grade able to teach Vocal Music to girls of higher standard. Apply to the Secretary, Central Hindu School Board, Kamachha, Benares. (9467)

Wanted from November 1946—(1) Head Master for J. B. & S. A. Sarvajanik High School, Vyara, must be a man of 20 years' experience and must possess high educational qualifications; retired man from education line will be preferred. Pay according to qualifications in the grade of Rs. 150 to 250. (2) Also one B.Sc. to teach Mathematics and Science in higher standards in the grade of Rs. 60 to 140. Apply to the Secretary, or see in person, R. F. Daboo Education Society, Vyara, T. V. Railway. 9458

Wanted Inspectors of Agencies having experience and confidence in life insurance organisation preferably with respectable family connection on a scale of pay Rs. 175-25-300 E.B.-50-Rs. 500/-. Higher initial salary payable to suitable candidates. Apply to Secretary, Bombay Insurance Co., Ltd., 15, Clive Street, Calcutta. (9530)

Applications are invited from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay for the post of Assistant Lecturer in Education in the Secondary Training College, Bombay, in the scale of pay, 130-10-200. Qualifications: At least a first class B.A. or B.Sc. and preferably a first class or 2nd class M.A. or M.Sc. PLUS B.T. of the Bombay University or an equivalent Degree or Diploma, plus 5 years' teaching experience in a recognised High School. Candidates must also be capable of supervising lessons given through Gujarati or Marathi. For further particulars apply to Principal, Secondary Training College, Elphinstone Technical High School Building, Cruickshank Road, Bombay 1, enclosing two annas stamped and self-addressed envelope. Last date for receipt of application 15th September, 1946. 9455

Wanted qualified and experienced accountant for a Bombay Factory. Salary according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 9490, "Bombay Chronicle."

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for our "Terms." Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (3220)

Wanted 500 Men For Large Scale All Metal Bus Body Building Project. Setter-Out, and Markers-Out, Body Makers, Panel Beaters, Sheet Metal Workers, Fitters, Erectors, Rivetters, Glaziers, Aluminium Gas Welders, Upholsterers and Trimmers, Painters (Brush), Wood Mill Machinists, Men experienced in the handling of Spindlers, Band and Circular Saws, Planners and Thicknessers, etc., Coachbuilding Designer and Draughtsman. Good prospects to the right men. Write or call with all particulars of previous experience, qualifications, etc.: The Hyderabad Allwyn Metal Works, Limited, Industrial Area, Hyderabad—Deccan. (3232)

Wanted a Representative either sex (with Headquarters at Bombay) to book business for our Various Film Publicity schemes. Only experienced and well connected with high business world need apply. Applicant must be highly educated bearing good personality. Salary Rs. 500/- or upward according to qualifications. Apply giving full details of experience and connections to India Studios Ltd., Royal Park, Lahore. (9528)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE ASIAN ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-FIFTH ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Asian Assurance Company Limited, will be held at the Company's Registered Office, Asian Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) on Saturday the 21st September 1946 to transact the following business.

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Revenue Accounts and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December, 1945.
2. To elect Directors in place of those retiring by rotation, but who are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
4. To transact such other business as may be permitted by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board,
T. M. KAJIJI,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 27th August, 1946.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 14th September to 28th September, 1946, both days inclusive.

This Notice is addressed more particularly to:—

Fr. Hyacinth, Fr. Vincent, T. Thomas, Fr. Boniface, Miss K. J. Anna, J. T. Chittothora, Fr. T. Kurialacherry, Fr. Jacob George, A. V. M. M. Sunderaler, P. R. I. R. Iyer, S. A. S. S. Aiyer, V. C. Chempunthara, U. R. Nahar, H. R. Munim, D. Phoondilal, S. R. Pandya, C. J. Pandaythy, S. V. K. Kondarthu, C. K. Mathew, Fr. K. A. Akhora, K. J. Therathil, K. S. Velu, C. J. Kandathu, K. P. Chakkuru, A. K. K. Raja, T. Kalukaran, P. A. Joseph, R. Rothi, D. A. Brahma, S. Pragdass, B. Parekh, S. Das, S. B. Lakani, R. Brahman, I. S. Khan, K. Lunker, G. Bahadurmal, G. N. Somani, M. S. Kandwal, G. Sharma, M. Tandan, V. D. Sharma, B. G. Gandhi, K. V. Seth, J. M. Surati, C. T. Trivedi, D. L. Misher, M. N. Bhagdev, J. H. Joshi, L. D. Shah, C. T. Modi, S. B. Gandhi, R. C. Jall, N. C. Dalal, A. G. Patel, T. Vallabhram, S. Purshottamdas, B. M. Majumdar, G. Manchand, M. M. Vora, T. Kapurchand, D. M. Pathak, Soni H. Dharmshi, G. B. Soni, G. C. Dave, D. Anandji, I. J. Jadiwalla, C. L. Monteiro, A. R. Bhasin, A. C. Dave, A. J. Parmar, V. C. Bhatt, K. L. Chavda, T. D. Mehta, M. T. Patel, S. G. Patel, P. B. Parikh, B. J. Patel, D. M. Solanki, G. D. Dave, B. Fernandez, H. E. Jivanjee, M. O. A. H. Abdulla, R. Kalidas, F. M. Ismailjee K. Natarajan, S. Sitaram Mrs. Octaviana D'Souza and Assuncao E. D'Souza, V. V. Naique Rasaikar, J. V. Rangel, A. G. Gomes, M. H. Mahatma, P. C. Fialho, P. S. Figueiredo, Mrs. L. F. P. Abranches, Mrs. J. da Silva Rebello, J. H. Gomes, J. D. Costa, E. C. Fialho, A. Carvalho, B. F. Mendez, W. D. Cruz, L. M. Fernandes, Mrs. L. P. Noronha, F. A. C. Noronha, N. A. N. Mesquita, Dr. J. L. F. Mesquita, S. R. G. Pimenta, A. Hasmathrai, Mrs. R. Parmanandnan, J. Popatlal Bhagwan Gujadhar, Abdul Razak, H. Mohmed, J. Abdul Rahman, A. S. G. D'Costa, J. F. de Sequeira, Joaquim M. Vellozo, J. P. Afonso, Mrs. H. F. S. D'Souza, O. G. Ferreira, J. A. L. Gonzaga, S. B. Pinto, A. C. B. Xavier, N. Venkata Lakshmiah, N. Nagabhushanam, D. Basavariaya, G. China Veerayya, I. K. Srivastava, Shiam Beharilal. 9520

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol for Professional Diploma Courses, viz., Company Secretarial, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 3227

BOOKS & MAGAZINE

"Our Economic Problem" by P. A. Wadia & K. T. Merchant. 3rd Edition Rs. 6|8. "How India is Governed" by N. S. Pardasani. 5th Edition Rs. 5|- "Elements of Commerce & Business Methods" by J. C. Bahl & E. R. Dhongde. 5th Revised Edition Rs. 5|4. New Book Co., Ltd., Hornby Road, Bombay. (9527)

MEDICAL

Vitamin C This is supplied to the system by taking Ceovit Tablets manufactured by Tablets Limited, Madras. Also at 11 Western India House, Fort, Bombay. (9187)

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted a complete set of Process Plant (Block Making Machinery) for a Daily Newspaper. New or Secondhand. Write to: The Manager, 'Vir Arjun', Naya Bazar, Delhi. 3228

RADIO FOR SALE

New all wave radio sets have arrived. Come and select your requirements from the Chicago Telephone and Radio Co., Ltd. 127 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Post Box 1312, Bombay 1. Calcutta, Lucknow, Lahore, New Delhi. (8153)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available for Sales. Eastern Electric Fans. Eagle Hornes. Cycle spare parts. Gamandra Sales, Nawab Mansion, Gunbow Street, Fort, Bombay. 2598

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an Executive Engineer on an Indian State Rail... in the grade of 300-400. Apply with testimonials stating age, nationality, qualifications, experiences, etc. to Box No. 9526, "Bombay Chronicle."

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT
Central Ground Water Section
Central Drilling School

The Central Drilling School which is located at Dhanauri (7 miles from Roorkee) started its first course of training candidates as drillers and driller engineers for the Central Section, Provinces and States, and Commercial firms, from 1st of August, 1946. The second course is due to begin early in November, 1946.

2. 30 candidates for drillers and 4 for driller engineers will be admitted for the second course. The course will comprise
   (a) training at the School for a period of 3 months; and
   (b) field training on actual drilling of tubewells for a period of 6 months.
3. Applications for admission to the School should reach the following by the 25th September, 1946 giving the following particulars:—
   (i) Date of birth. (ii) Details of general education and employment since leaving School; and (iii) Details of any mechanical experience, training and/or engineering degrees.
4. Good physique essential and previous mechanical experience is an advantage; such candidates will ordinarily receive preference in the allotment of vacancies. Candidates must be fully prepared to do hard manual work.

Copies of prospectus and syllabus giving details of training, stipends, accommodation and other facilities can be had from the undersigned on application.

CHAIRMAN,
Central Ground Water Section. 9531

AUCTION SALE OF FOREST COUPES IN KOLHAPUR STATE

A PUBLIC AUCTION for the purchase of 115 coupes each measuring about 33 acres will be held by the undersigned on 11th and 12th of September, 1946, at 12 P. M. in the old Palace, Kolhapur. Also, 10 coupes each measuring about 33 acres will be held at the Guest House, Ajra at 12 P.M. on 17th September, 1946 and 7 coupes each measuring about 50 acres will be held at 12 P. M. on 18th Sept. 1946 in the Range Forest Officer Gadhinglaj's Office. Detailed information as regards the conditions of sale and agreement can be had on demand from the office of the undersigned, or Range Forest Officer concerned.

W. G. PADGAONKAR,
Off. Conservator of Forests,
Kolhapur State, Kolhapur.
Office of the Conservator of Forests, Kolhapur State,
Kolhapur. Dated, 26-8-1946. (9516)

AUCTION SALE OF FOREST COUPES in ICHALKARANJI JAHAGIR.

A PUBLIC AUCTION for the purchase of 17 coupes each, measuring about 35 to 40 acres will be held by the undersigned on 16th September, 1946, at 2 P.M. in the Guest House at Ajra. Detailed information as regards the conditions of sale and agreement can be had on demand from the Office of the undersigned or Range Forest Officer, Ajra.

W. G. PADGAONKAR,
Off. Conservator of Forests,
Kolhapur State, Kolhapur.
Office of the Conservator of Forests,
Kolhapur, dated 26-8-1946. (9517)

A. R. P. TRAILER PUMPS FOR SALE

SPECIAL CONCESSION TO LOCAL BODIES

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY has the following surplus trailer pumps for sale in Bombay.

Make of pump	Number available.	Approximate cost per pump Rs.
1. Chrysler	10 to 15	3,460
2. Carter Chief	1	6,800
3. Coventry Climax	13	3,750
4. Harland.	6	3,750
5. Drysdale.	8	3,500

The cost shown above is inclusive of equipment and represents the original cost LESS depreciation. Any further details required can be obtained from, and inspection of the pumps can be arranged through, the Chief Officer, Fire Brigade, Byculla, Bombay.

Local bodies desiring to improve their fire-fighting services and private parties wanting the pumps for agricultural purposes will be allowed a special concession rate of half the approximate cost mentioned above. If all the pumps are not taken up by local bodies or by private parties for agricultural purposes the balance will be sold to any other parties for the highest offers received. Demands from local bodies and private parties wanting the pumps for agricultural purposes and tenders from other parties should be addressed to the Chief Officer, Fire Brigade, in sealed covers superscribed "Trailer Pumps", in time to reach him by 3 P.M. (S.T.) on MONDAY, the 16th September, 1946, and should be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 250/- per pump. (9507)

PUBLIC NOTICES

W. J. BUSH & CO., LTD.

LONDON

Distillers & Manufacturers of

ESSENCES, CHEMICALS, D. D. T. ETC.

have appointed as their Sole Representatives for Bombay City & Presidency

PARRY & CO., LTD.

P. B. 506

WARDEN HOUSE, SIR PHEROZSHAH MEHTA ROAD,

TEL. 20868 BOMBAY 1 T'Grams. DIESEL

NOTICE

THE GOVERNMENT of Bombay propose to permit the establishment in the Yellapur-Sirsi area of Kanara of a factory for making splints for matches.

Offers will probably be invited by 1st December, 1946.

Industrialists interested should apply for furthr particulars to the Chief Conservator of Forests, B.P., Forests Office. Poona or the Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle, Belgaum. 9525

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for Reconditioning of Scrap white metal No. 6 (Mushroom shape ingots). Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date Monday, the 23rd September, 1946, at 3 P.M. (S.T.). 9521

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 49 BALES KAMPALA A.R. COTTON B.P. 52 COUNTRY DAMAGED.

By order of the Insurance Co., Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will TO-DAY, MONDAY, the 2nd September, 1946, at 2-45 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Godown No. E68, Cotton Depot, Sewri.

49 Bales Kampala A.R. cotton B.P. 52 country damaged.

Terms:—25% deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 6th September, 1946, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at the Cotton Depot, Sewree, in Godown No. C6 by order of the Insurance Office concerned. 128 Bales African Cotton B. R. damaged.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE

UNDER INSTRUCTIONS from the Regional Disposal Commissioner, Bombay, the undersigned will offer for sale by public auction on Friday 6th September, 1946 at 11 a.m. sharp at Kharkwasala Military Camp (Kopra) near Poona.

Six petrol Launches ex site such as British speed cruisers engine 70 H.P. 15 to 20 Knots speed. White eagle crystler engine 15 Knots speed. Napier Ford 8 engine Waurwill crystler Marine engine 8 Knots speed. Bamboo Ford v 8 engine 10 knots speed.

Conditions of Sale:—25% deposit on the fall of hammer. Balance to be paid within seven days, Deliveries to be completed within 21 days.

Further details can be had from the auctioneer and will be announced at the time of auction sale.

NUSSERWANJI SORABJEE & CO.,
84, Main Street Camp, Poona.
Telephone Poona 722.
Telegram "Timber". (9522)

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS OF MILITARY STRUCTURES such as Administration Block, Operation Theatre, X-Ray Block, Pump House, Coal House, Senior Staff Quarters, Battery Shed, Air Conditioning and Anaesthetic Rooms, and Overhead Water Tanks, etc. at Elphinstone High School's compound, Cruickshank Rd., near Dhobi Talao, on Thursday, 5-9-46, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) under instructions from the Lands Hirings and Disposals Service, Bombay.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

A BOON TO CHILDREN...
JAMMI'S
LIVER CURE
FOR INFANTILE LIVER AND SPLEEN COMPLAINTS
at all leading chemists
JAMMI VENKATARAMANAYYA & SONS H.O. MYLAPORE, MADRAS

SIMPLE CASES
Jammi's Liver Cure "Simple" given in initial stages arrests the progress of the disease and nips it in the bud.

COMPLICATED CASES
Jammi's Liver Cure "Complicated" given in developed stages removes complications and helps to bring about a cure

Bombay Office and Clinic:—
PAREKH MANSION, Sandhurst Road, West, Bombay 4.

Remember
THE NAME OF THE FABRICS
That
● Served you well BEFORE THE WAR
● Served the Allies DURING THE WAR
● Will serve you well IN THE FUTURE

Dhariwal
FABRICS
SOON NOW A WIDE & VARIED RANGE OF DHARIWAL FABRICS WILL BE AVAILABLE
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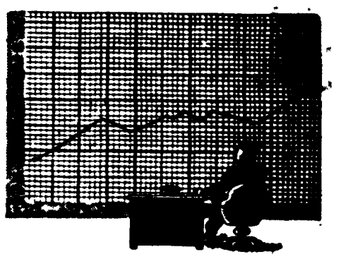

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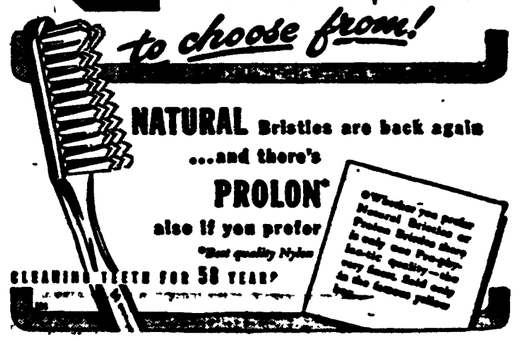

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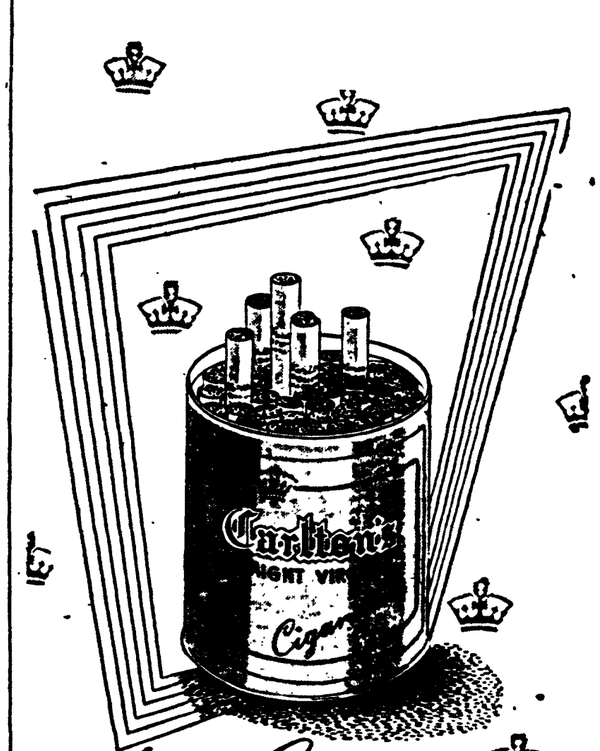

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